VOLUME 3.

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CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA, FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 4, 1847.

NUMBER 47

SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY-JAMES W. BELLER,

OFFICE ON MAIN STREET, A FEW DOORS ABOVE THE VALLEY BANK,)

VALLEY BANK,)

At \$2 00 in advance—\$2 50 if paid within the year—or \$3 00 if not paid until after the expiration of the year.

27 No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publisher, until arrearages are paid. Subscriptions for test than a year, must in all cases be paid in advance.

32 Distant subscriptions and advertisements must be paid in advance, or responsible persons flicing in the county guaranty the settlement of the same.

BY ADVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at the rate of 100 per square for the first three insertions, and 25 cents or each continuance. These not marked on the manufactor of a specified time, will be inserted until forbid, and GHARGED ACCORDINGLY. A liberal discount made these who advertise by the year.

HANCE'S SARSAPARILLA, or BLOOD PILLS. FIFTY PILLS IN A BOX! The Cheapest and best Medicine in existence Every person who is subject to Bilious Fever, should purify their blood and system by using a box of the

SARSAPARILLA, OR BLOOD PILLS! Persons afflicted with Costiveness, should try the HANCE'S SARSAPARILLA OF BLOOD PILLS. Young ladies and gentlemen troubled with Pim ples on the Face, should try the

SARSAPARILLA OR BLOOD PILLS! Singing in the Ears relieved by the HANCE'S SARSÁPARILLA, or BLOOD PILLS. Headache and Giddiness cured by using the SARSAPARILLA, OR BLOOD PILLS! Drowsiness and General Debility, cured by the HANCE'S SARSAPARILLA or BLOOD PILLS. Dyspepsia can be cured by using the SARSAPARILLA, OR BLOOD PILLS!

TP Persons who have taken considerable portions of mercury, and in consequence have pains in the bones, should use freely the HANCE'S SARSAPARILLA, or BLOOD PILLS.

TP Persons in want of a Pill that is Purely Vegetable, and is warranted not to contain a parti

cle of mercury, should use the SARSAPARILLA, OR BLOOD PILLS. IT THE GENUINE FOR SALE BY I SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore st. and corner of Charles and Pratt streets, Baltimore.

HANCE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF HORE HOUND—FOR THE CURE OF Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Spitting of Blood, Pain in the Side and Breast, Bronchitis, Croup, Astma, and all diseases arising from a disorder-ed condition of the lungs or neglected cold.

TAKE TIME BY THE FORELOCK, Is a piece of advice which is suitable to all seasons and applicable to all purposes; though there is no instance in which this piece of advice is more valuable, than to persons who have a cough or cold, for if they neglect what may appear to them

IN THE BEGINNING, it may lead to Inflammation of Lungs, and finally Consumption! To all who have a cough, we would say, procure a bottle of

HANCE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF HOARHOUND.

The medicine is pleasant to take and it may save Price 50 Cents per bottle or six bottles for \$2,50
Prepared and sold by SETH S. MANCE,

108 Baltimore st. and corner of Chas & Pratt sts.

For sale by
J. P. BROWN, Charlestown,
JOSEPH ENTLER, Shepherdstown,
A. M. CRIDLER, Harpers-Ferry; and
DORSEY & BOWLEY, Winchester.

R. S. LITTEJOHN. HARPERS-FERRY, VIRGINIA, HAS just opened in the store room over the corner of High and Shenandouh streets, an entirely new, fashionable and well selected

Stock of Merchandize, Consisting in part of Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Hats, Caps, Bonnets, &c. &c., which will be sold as low as they can be bought

in the county. A call from my old friends, and the citizens of Harpers-Perry, and the country generally, is solicited before purchasing elsewhere. Domestic Cottons at city prices. store room is appropriated to the use of Capt. J. Gibson, where will be found for sale, at his usual

low prices, Herring, Shad, Salt, Plaster, Tar, and all other articles in his line in their season. R. S. Littlejohn is duly authorized to act as agent for me in my absence; all orders will be promptly attended to. JOHN GIBSON. April 30, 1847—6m.

Great Bargains Offered.

T is not so very strange, but yet it is true, that persons will invariably purchase Merchaudise, &c., of those who sell the cheapest and best articles. Therefore the subscriber, feeling confident that he can and will sell as low as any in the Valley, would respectfully invite his friends and the citizens of Harpers-Ferry generally, to give him a call, and he will show them a splendid

assortment of Groceries, Tin-ware, Queens-ware, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Drugs, Oils and Dye stuffs. Also-STAPLE DRY GOODS, BACON AND FISH.

He expects to have continually on hand, after a few days, the very best brands of FLOUR, together with Horse Feed, and indeed any and every arti-cle necessary for food or raiment, in the staple

Wells' Clothing Store, and nearly opposite Abell's Hotel, at the sign of COMPAN & BROTHER, and all F. J. CONRAD.

Shall be C. K.

Harpers-Ferry, April 30, 1847—6m.

N. B.—I am the authorized agent for the sale of Norris' Tonic, the best medicine for the cure of Ague and Fever now extant.

F. J. C.

Plaister.

HAVE on hand a large supply of Plaister, and have an arrangement with Mr. James P. Canley, at the Mill formerly occupied by Mr. Hart, y which persons to whom it may be convenient an at once exchange the lump for ground.

May 14, 1847. WM. R. SEEVERS.

S TATIONERY.—Blue Post and Bill Paper, attende Books, Primmers, Pass Books, Small English, and common Slates, Windle's, Wright's and Pratt's Steel Pens, Diamond Point Gold Pens, Unills, Envelops, Scaling Wax, Wafers, Blue and Black Ink, Bidder's and Payson's Indelible and Sink, Patent Pen holders, Ink Stands, &c., for sale been THOS. RAWLINS, May 21, 1847.

SHANNONDALE SPRINGS.

J. J. ABELL, Proprietor. HAVE leased for a term of years, this delightful watering place; and will have it open for the reception of company, on the 1st of June.

Every exertion will be made to render the time of Visiters agreeable. His Fare, &c., shall be second to that of no other watering place in Virginia and the second to that of no other watering place in Virginia and the second to that of no other watering place in Virginia and the second to that of no other watering place in Virginia and the second to that of no other watering place in Virginia and the second to that of no other watering place in Virginia and the second to the

ginia.

The Stage will run as usual (daily) to the Rail
Road Depot, at Charlestown, to convey Visiters
to and from the Springs.

TERMS.

8 thereafter 1,50 per day

50 Cts. single meal 75 meal and horse

The Ferry will be free of charge to persons visiting the Springs—but in all cases I wish visiters to get return tickets at the Bar. May 21, 1847-3m.



Dedication and Procession at Middleway, Jefferson County, Va.

The Brethren of Samaritan Lodge, No. 29, purpose dedicating their Hall in this place on Saturday the 5th day of June, (next month.) The undersigned were appointed a committee to make the necessary arrangements &c. connected therewith. We cordially invite all the neighboring Lodges and all brethren in regular standing to be with us on the occasion. An Address will be delivered by a distinguished brother.

The Procession will move from the Hall at 11 o'clock precisely.

o'clock precisely.

N. BARNS, THOMAS LOCK, BENJAMIN B. WELSH,

L. W. PACKETT, Middleway, May 21, 1847. Com. &c.

TO CONTRACTORS. THE Weverton Manufacturing Company will Treceive Proposals at Weverton, Md., until the first day of June next, for the construction of from 1,500 to 2,000 perches of heavy dry masonry. By order of the Beard.

GEORGE JACOBS, Pres't. May 21, 1847.

NEW CABINET MANUFACTORY

& T. K. STARRY, respectfully inform • the public generally, that they have opened in Charlestown, on the corner west of the Bank and opposite the Post Office, a

CABINET FACTORY. Having supplied themselves with a stock of Ma terials, they are prepared to manufacture, and will keep constantly on hand, Bureaus, Sideboards, Sofas, Ward-

robes, Bedsteads, and every other article in the Cabinet line. have also supplied themselves, with a choice as-sortment of PAPER HANGINGS, and will give prompt attention to all business in that line. Repairing of all kinds attended to.

-ALSO-Chair Making and Painting

Executed with neatness, and all orders from a distance promptly attended to.

UNDERTAKING also attended to with

Also-Turning of every description executed

with promptness.

They respectfully invite the public to give Charlestown, May 7, 1847-tf.

W. T. DAUGHERTY, ATTORNET AT LAW.

Charlestown, Jefferson County, Virginia, OFFERS his professional services to the public reservity

Dic generally.
He will practise in Jefferson and the neighbor.
April 16, 1847. ing Counties.

TO THE PUBLIC.

HE subscriber has just received from the East a fresh supply of Cloths, Cassimeres, and Vestings, To which he invites the attention of the citizen of Charlestown and neighborhood generally.

His stock comprises in part the best French
Black Twilled Cloths, at various prices,

English and Belgium do. French Black Doeskin Cassimere, Striped do. Black Sattin Vesting, a very superior quality, Summer Vestings, various patterns,

Tweeds for summer coats, Cashmerett, a very fine article for coats, pants

and vests.

Also-Many other articles not necessary mention, all of which he is determined to sell at the lowest possible rates, and where the cash is

received, and all kinds of work made up wit neatness and despatch. JAMES CLOTHIER.
Charlestown, May 7, 1847—tf.
Country Produce taken at all times in exchange

or work or goods at cash prices.

NEW GOODS. THE subscriber would respectfully inform the public that he is now receiving a choice seection of Spring and Summer Goods, which will

be sold on accommodating terms or exchanged for all kinds of Country Produce.

JOHN T. LITTLE.

Shepherdstown, April 30, 1847—2m.

CASH FOR NEGROES.

THE subscriber is anxions to purchase a large number of Negroes, of both sexes, sound and likely. Persons having Negroes to dispose of, will find it to their interest to give him a call before selling, as he will pay the very highest cash

prices.

He can be seen at the Berkeley Courts, at Martinsburg, on the second Monday, and at Berryville on the fourth Monday in each month, and usually at his residence in Charlestown.

All letters addressed to him will be promptly attended to.

WILLIAM CROW. ttended to. WILLIAM Cl Charlestown, Nov. 20, 1846—tf.

PLANES.—Mechanics are invited to call and examine my stock of Planes, such as Double and Single Fore and Jack Planes, Plows, Sash, Beed and Moulding Planes, a general assortment on hand.

THOS. RAWLINS.

May 21, 1847.

VOLUNTEERS WANTED!

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

RICHMOND, April 25, 1847.

RICHMOND, April 25, 1847.

O meet a requisition of the President of the United States, two additional Companies of Infantry Volunteers will be accepted, to serve during the war with Mexico, unless sooner discharged. Each Company to consist of 1 Captain, 1 First Lieutenant, 2 Second Lieutenants, 2 Musicians, and 80 Privates—to rendezvous at Richmond.

No man will be received who is in years appa rently over 45, or under 18, or who is not of physical strength and vigor. It is desirable to organize these companies as speedily as possible.

By command, WM. H. RICHARDSON,

Adjutant General The undersigned being desirous and determined if possible, to raise a Company to serve in the war with Mexico, has appointed SAPPING-TON'S HOTEL, Charlestown, a Recruiting Rendezvous, where all those who may wish to volun-teer in obedience to the above order, can enrol their names.

This may and possibly will be the last call from Virginia. No patriot who desires to serve his country in the tented field, should let the present. country in the tentod field, should let the present opportunity pass unimproved. It is the volunteer soldier whose services are remembered with the greatest gratitude, and whose fame is the most revered. And let it not be forgotten that the Volunteer, as well as the regular, receives upon an honorable discharge, 160 acres of land besides his \$10 dollars a month, with rations, &c.

All able-bodied men of good standing are earnestly invited to present themselves without delay; none others will be accepted.

JOHN THOS. GIBSON.

Charlestown, May 14, 1847.

Charlestown, May 14, 1847.

J. GREGG GIBSON, M. D., RESPECTIFULLY offers his services to the J. J. H. Straith, so that he will always have the benefit of his instruction and counsel. When not at Dr. Straith's office, or professionally engaged, he will be found at Carter's Hotel.

May 21, 1847.

OVERSEERS OF THE POOR.

A N Annual Meeting of the Overseers of the Poor of Jefferson County will be held at Sappington's Hotel, in Charlestown, on the First Monday (the 7th day) in June next.

The Parish Levy for the present year will be laid, and all persons having accounts will present them on that day.

The Sheriff of Jefferson County is required to be present at that time with his delinquent lists and to settle the depositum of 1846.

A nunctual attendance of the members of the

A punctual attendance of the members of the board is expected. JOHN P. BROWN, Clerk.

Charlestown, May 21, 1847. DIX'S COLUMBIA HOUSE,

South Charles Street, opposite German Street, BALTIMORE, MD. THIS HOUSE being located in the immediate vicinity of the Railroad Depot makes it a desirable

Situation for Travellers. Terms per day \$1,25 cts. April 23, 1847—6m.

Factory Sites and Town Lots at Weaverton, Md., for Sale or Lease.

THE Weaverton Manufacturing Company will sell or lease, as may be desired, at public auction, at Weaverton, on THURSDAY the 17th day of June next, a number of very eligibly situated Town Lots, and on terms satisfactory to the purchasers. The sale will be preremptory.— In the meantime, they will sell or lease Factory Sites at private contract, and manufacturers and those disposed to enter into that business are invited to view them, under the confident belief that they can no where find sites as cheaply to be ob-

tained or as advantageously situated.

A dam of permanent character is in progress of construction, and it and the race-way will be completed early in the ensuing autumn, when power for running from two to three hundred thousand

spindles will be made available for factories. Weverton is situated on the lines of the Chesa Railroad, and the Turnpike from the city of Frederick to Harpers-Ferry: These highways unite few miles East of it, pass in junxta position through it, and separate a few miles West of it; and it is thus supplied with communications by which a certain and cheap supply of raw material can be obtained at all seasons manufactured articles sent to all parts of the Union. It is in the midst of a fertile agricultural region, and it is believed that not only subsistence, but fuel also, can be more cheaply procured there than at any manufacturing town now improved The climate is fine, and the water supplied by nu-

Building materials of all allows are cheaply procured.

The first applicants for Factory Sites will be accommodated on the most liberal terms.

It is proper to remark that every deed or lease for property, will contain a clause prohibiting thereon the manufacture or sale of ardent spirits and all other intoxicating drinks.

By order of the Board.

GEORGE JACOBS, Pres't. Building materials of all kinds are easily and

merous springs cannot be excelled.

Weverton, Md , May 21, 1847.

· A Catalogue Of rare articles to be found at Miller & Bro's. COLOGNES AND EXTRACTS.—French and German Colognes in handsome bottles;

Perfumery—Comprising all the most popular Extracts, viz:—

Laban's Extract Patcholy ; Do Double Extract Musk : Boquet de Carolemo; Double Extract Mouchoir; do do Oirbena; do de Choulaud Flowers; do Otto Roses, &c., and a gre

many others, too numerous to mention.

Soaps.—Wright's superior Rose Cream, for shaving, Military, Jessamine, Savon, Old Windsor, Palm, superior pressed Castile, and Rypophagon Soap, said to be superior to all others for shaving.

gon Soap, said to be superior to all others for shaving.

Miscellaneous.—Orris and Teabury Tooth Paste; Fancy Bohemian Toilet Bottles; Wright's Indeflible Ink, without preparation; Spool Stands, superior Lip Salve; Perfumed Satchels, a great variety of perfumed Bags, handsome Fancy Boxes, &c.

Purse and Bag Trimmings.—Full Steel Trimmings for Bags; do do for Purses;
Purse Twist, Steel Beads, Tassels, Clasps, &c.

Combs, Rushes, &c.—Palo Alto Twist Combs, Hounder of Basic Buffale twist Combs, Horn Dressing do., Shell Side do., superior Ivory do., Double end and plain Tooth Brushes, Hair Brushes of all sizes, Flesh do., Hat do.

The above is but a small number of the new and elegant fancy articles to be found among our stock. Call and see for yourselves.

May 28,

MILLER & BRO.

OBEDIENCE.

BY MRS. I. H. SIGOURNEY. God bade the sun break forth in light,
And yonder paler flame,
With silver lamp to lead the night,
And stars to beam with crescents brigh
And heedful of his word of might,
Each to its orbit came.

God babe the Spring awake and tread,
On Winter's try reign,
She touched the snow-drop in its bed,
The iris at the brookler's head,
And tinged the queenly rose with red,
With green, and leafy plain.

God bade the Autumn yield its store,
And bending o'er the world,
And trees resigned the fruit they bore,
The berry burst its luscious core,
While harvests to the sickle pour
Their sheaves of ripened gold.
God to the heart hath said, "be still,
When the beart hath said, "be still,

God to the neart inth said, "be still When sorrows o'er thee sweep!" And doth it, heedful to His will. O'er rifled bower and perished rill, Even when its bitterest lears distil, In meek submission.weep! God to the heart had said, "be mine?"
And hastes it not to bring,
Its bude that blush, its flowers that twine,
The earliest cluster of its vine,
Its first affection to the shrine. ts first affection to the shrine Of its Almighty King !

General Intelligence.

LAMENTABLE ACCIDENT AND DEATH.—Information was received in Philadelphia on Tuesday, by a letter addressed to James Young, of the city police, of a most melancholy casualty on the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad, resulting in the death of a gentleman, who, at the time of his discovery, was not known, but who has since been recognized as Robert Scott, of the firm of R. Scott & Co., shoe deaters. The body was found on the Railroad, a short distance from Perryville, Cecil county, Maryland, at an early hour on Tuesday morning, in a most frightful and horrid condition, the face being nearly ground off, and the body otherwise shockingly mutilated. Along the road, for about a mile, money and papers were strewed, supposed to be, and no doubt were, the property of the deceased, from which it is presumed that the unfortunate deceased was dragged the whole of that distance by the train, suffering the agonies of a thousand deaths before life had become extinct. A clue to his place of residence was furnished by his name and that of the boot maker being written in one of his boots, which was found upon the road.—
Mr. Scott left Philadelphia on Monday night, in the train of cars for Baltimore, with the design of visiting Washington city, and from all the circumstances thus far known, his friends liave no doubt that the fatal and heart-rending details as given above have befallen him. The accident, it appears, resulted from the unfortunate deceased. it appears, resulted from the unfortunate deceased falling from the platform of the car, upon which it is safe to infer he had been standing.

A GENEROUS DONATION .- The Irish Relief Committee, of New York, have received the fol-

lowing letter: WASHINGTON, May 23d, 1847. Dear Sir:—We deeply regret to hear from Ireland that a famine is still continuing there is work of death. Feeling it a duty to aid in alleviating this dreadinl calamity, we herewith transmit five thousand dollars, with which please purchase food, and ship for distribution in the way to effect the greatest good to the suffering poor.
Yours most respectfully,
Concoran & Riggs.
To Myndart Van Schaick, Esq.,
Chairman Irish Relief Committee, N. Y.

ANTI-RENT OUTRAGES .- We are tired of chronicling, says the New York Sun of Wednesday last, the outrages of the Anti-renters in Columbia county, who, emboldened by the pardon of Gov. Young, are committing new outbreaks. Hiram Wheeler, the person whose house was fired into last week, had his hay stacks and three tons of hay burnt last Thursday evening. The Columbia Re-publican asks why the warrant, known to have been issued against the Tinkles, has not been served upon them? The Sheriff dares not arrest them, outlaws as they are known to be.

DEATH OF A VIRGINIA OFFICER .- The Alexandria Gazette states that a letter has been received from Cantain Corse of the Alexandria volunteers, dated China, April 16th, which an-nounced the death, by dysentery contracted at Camargo, of Lieut. Benj. G. Waters, of that company.

The Episcopal Convention of the Diocese of Virginia, at Winchester, adjourned on the 22d, after a session of four days. Bishop Johns was advised by an overwhelming majority, not to accept the Presidency of William and Mary College.

Dogs .- The amount received at the Treasu rer's office, of Boston, for dog licenses, within three months, is \$784. Besides this sum, about \$200 has been received in the way of fines, for keeping dogs without a license.

An Emigrant Family.—A family of emigrants, of the name of Dolan, consisting of a man, his wife, and five children, started from England a few months ago for this country. When the voyage had been almost completed, two of the were soon followed by two more of the children; the mother then sickened and died, and just as the ship—the James H. Shepard—was coming into this port, the father died. One poor orphan only of this once numerous family, reached the hores of this country .- Buston Traceller.

VISITORS TO WEST POINT .- Hon. Dixon Lewis, Senator from Alabama, and Hon. David L. Yulce, Senator from Florida, are appointed Visitors, from their respective States, to West Point Academy, this year; and Col. Miles, late of the gallant army of General Taylor, and Gover-nor of Monterey, has been requested by the Se-cretary of War to be one of the Board also. So states a correspondent of the New York Herald. They are to visit New York about the 2nd or 3d

LABORERS WANTED .- Two thousand able bo died men, it is said, can obtain employment as common laborers along the line of the Erie rail-way between Otisville and Binghampton. The wages offered are ninety cents per day. How much better for the immigrant-, of whom hundreds arrive here daily, to repair without delay, to a point so easy of access. Six hundred common laborers at \$1 per day, and 100 stone masons at \$2,50 per day, can obtain immediate employment on the Illinois and Michigan canal.

Accident to Gen. Cushing, at Matanoras
—Gen. Cushing met with a serious accident at
Matamoras, on the 6th inst. As he was walking
out with a lady he stepped upon a loose brick and
fell, and, we are sorry to say, broke his left leg,
just above the ancle. He was taken to his quarters immediately, and Dr. McPhall, of Baltimore,
called to his assistance, from whose surgical skill
expectations are created that the broken bones
may speedily be healed,

SCENETININEW YORK

From the Richmond Enquirer 18th May. We yesterday published the New York Herald's sketch of the exciting scene at the Apollo, in New York city, wherein the runaway negro Douglass figured so largely, but was so witheringly put down by the eloquent and patriotic Strahan. A friend who was present, and who writes us that he came near being mobbed, has sent us the following graphic sketch of the tumultuous proceedings. Such rabid violence must disgust many of the fanatics themselves. We are glad to perceive that the great mass of the people of New York City are sound upon the Constitutional rights of the South, and look with disgust and contempt upon the Abolition traitors in their midst:

To the Editors of the Enquirer.

For some days past, New York has been the For some days past, New York has been the theatre of religious, and other ceremonies and colebrations. Among them the Abolitioniets were not the least prominent. On Tuesday evening, May 11, the addresses of Frederick Douglass, a gentleman of color, and fugitive slave, were continued at the Apollo rooms. Never having seen a live Abolitionist, and somewhat doubting the required spirit of these Northern Inconditions who a live Abolitionist, and somewhat doubting the reputed spirit of these Northern Incendiaries, who would cast firebrands into our peaceful and happy communities, I determined to yield to the solicitations of a friend, and proceed to this novel scene of bigotry and fanaticism. When we entered, Mr. or Brother Douglass was speaking to a crowd of kindred spirits, both in color and heart, numbering about one thousand, and composed of, and seated on the hanches in the order of black men and ed on the benches in the order of black men and white women, and white men and black women! Very cozy did they sit side by side, harmoniously commingling their applause to the mulatto orator, as he rounded his periods, in strains of quite graceful, though methodistical and canting eloquence! This man Douglass, according to his own state-ment, is a fugitive slave, who mistrusting his safety from recovery by his master, sought refuge in England. He was induced to this further and more expensive flight, because he had publicly more exponsive flight, because he had publicly "exposed the most atrocious crimes of those who had been his masters," and fearful of personal injury in these quarters, determined for a time to "leave his country for his country's good." Over the waters he sped, and ere he had been a long sojourner, got himself pressed forward into the "World's Convention." He boasts much of the distinguished attentions with which he was received and treated in Old England; and to hear him

the canting hypocrite Garrison, (whose ill, yet well merited fame, has long been known to us,) who was his bosom friend and compagnon de voy-age, magined or conceived himself to be the legitimate and proper representative of 3,000,000 of "enslaved brethren in America." He thanked God he was permitted to be the instrument, humble in course, of this oppressed people; exhorted them to aid in their emancipation from bondage, and North should rejoice as one christian man, in this consumation so devoutly to be wished. Such an Rethern near best with pride to see this made a Southern heart best with pride to see this made a Southern heart best with pride to see this made a Southern heart best with pride to see this consumation so devoutly to be wished. Such was his strain in England. We found him touching upon the same theme when we entered.— Our party consisted of four—two Southerners— Mr. Slamm, of New York, ever the renowned champion of Southern institutions, and found always where the fight was thickest, the sworn foe o this despicable class of fanatics; and Mr. Strahan editor of the Suffolk County Democrat, N Y., who rose from an assault upon his person to be the triumphant hero of the evening.

It was not a mass meeting, but a continued or

adjourned session of the "American Anti-Slavery Society." We therefore listened with silence to the negro orator; and though the supremest disgust possessed us at the scene which we contem-plated, we felt it would be an intrusion to disturb the harmony of this heterogeneous and mongre crowd. When, however, he proclaimed to the meeting that he hated our country—that he desired to see our Constitution, that sacred guarantee of our liberty and happiness, torn into a thousand fragments and scattered to the four wind of Heaven, rather than that the institution of slaver should be longer submitted to—when, with sacri-legious and treasonable tongue, he proclaimed to an American assemblage that the present was with Mexico was waged for the sole and only pur pose of perpetuating slavery and extending the area of bondage to their fellow-men—when we witnessed and were almost deafened by the boiserous applause of these fanatics, who are blacker in heart than the skins of those whom they af fect to protect—when we saw a negro, a fugitive perhaps an abducted slave, speaking thus in calumny and stigma of our noble country, it was more than we could bear. Strahan leaped upon bench, pronounced it a foul slander-a gross l bel upon our Government. Nothing daunted by hisses and cries of "Put him out!" "Down with him !" his little guard rallied to him ere the assault amounted to any thing but the knocking off of his hat, and we all insisted that he should be heard; that America and Americans were entitled in all places and upon all occasions, to resent ar insolence to their country; that the confusion, fast growing to a riot, should never be quelled until our manly champion was permitted an audience. He was then accompanied by his friends to the stand, amid the applause of the few, and the hiss-es of the white and colored mass of wretches, who being dastards, feared a more offensive manifestation of their displeasure and indignation. upon the rostrum, we were content; and in a few moments our colored brother yielded the floor to Mr. Strahan. It would have made the heart of every Southerner thrill with pride and pleasure and gratitude, to have heard the noble sentiments of their eloquent, earnest, but cool and self-possess-ed advocate. His refutation was not only manly ed advocate. His refutation was not only manly and patriotic, but complete and triumphant—and not the less so, because it was delivered with becoming dignity, calmness and good temper. It was one of the very best speeches I ever heard; and when it is remembered that the whole crowd, with some few exceptions, were against him—than hisses from negro lips, and interruptions of the most insolent and disorderly nature, were pressed upon him, it may be considered an unusually effective one. He answered interrogatories, out fective one. He answered interrogatories, put more to disconcert him than to be enlightened themselves, from men and women of all colors, with equal complacency and promptness. A sketch, however, of this speech, replete as it was with beauties and rare excellencier, you will have seen better done than I could give you. Suffice it to say, when he sat down, he did so under a great increase of sentiment in his favor. I send you extracts from some of the papers of yesterday

morning, characterizing the whole proceedings of this meeting, and particularly the three gentle men who remained at Mr. Strahan's side upon the rostrum. The Tribune, a small concern, and rea negro paper, characterizes us as rowdles, dec. while the Herald treated us with more consideration, though there are some allusions I do not approve.

When Mr. S. concluded, the pealed-onion-hend

His invocations to God himself were cauted "by the memories of the noble Terrey" and others whom they would have us believe were sainted martyrs in this "human and religious cause," and each word that fell from the lips of this old amalgamator, brought down thundering evidence of concurrent sentiment from the infatuated and

In the course of the remarks of Mr. Strahan, he was advancing with great force and energy the argument that there could be no political without social equality, when a voice from the crowd said there was social equality. What, said Mr. Strahan, is there to be found in this house a white man who believes this? If so, let him show himself and let me ask him if he would yield to the embrace of his sooty neighbor, a chetished sister or beloved daughter? He rose from his seat, came forth and with serious tone and impudent aspect, said yes, yes,—and the welkin rung with this magnanimous and philanthropic sentiment. Not content with this, he said if he were to falsey a "colored lady," he would marry her if she likewise fancied him!!! If you could have seen the withering look of contempt and disgust with which this specimen of humanity was contemplated by S., and heard the scathing rebuke which followed, you would have feared for his annihilation. As it was, he skulked beside his darky Dulcinea, and regained soon, doubtless, in the sun-light of her sweet smiles, his usual complacency.

Strahan next took up the assertion that Donglass had made, that the war was urged for the only object of the extension of the area of slavery.—He spoke in bitter and spirited terms of a New York audience, not only sitting under such treasonable language from the lips of a man who had defamed his country at home and abroad, but are tually with infuriated phrenzy had received it with shouts of applause. He pictured with an eloquence, that told even in that sombre crowd, the certain and inevitable tendency of such meating to the disunion of the States of this, on great and proud confederacy. In the most masterly manner, crazy crowd.

In the course of the remarks of Mr. Strahan, he

distinguished attentions with which he was received and treated in Old England; and to hear him speak of them, you would think this important dignitudes a greater character than his own ridiculous vanity is disposed to make him. About this let me hear say, I believe he is equally a slanderer of the noble country from which we spring, as you will find him to be, ere I conclude, of that under whose proud and happy institutions we live and flourish, and are happy.

Regardless of the true design and object of the "World's Convention," he, of course, with that supreme conceit with which he is peculiarly endowed by nature, and which was much inflated by the canting hypocrite Garrison, (whose ill, yet the canting hypocrite Garrison, (whose ill, yet the canting hypocrite Garrison, (whose ill, yet the cast of the suprementation of the states of this some parts of the States of this, onr great and inevitable, tendency of such meeting to the disuntion of the States of this, onr great and roud disunting the meeting to the disunting the better than his own ridically as a man with great power and energy, he told them they were responsible for the abuses with which slaves in some parts of the States of this, onr great and roud distinctions we have responsible for the abuses with which slaves in some parts of the States of this disunting the meeting to the disunting the the disunting to the disunting the the disunting to the d and, to the credit of the rest be it said, there was not one traitorous voice raised in the affirmative. The whole of Strahan's speech was an elegant specimen of cloquence and acuteness, characterized throughout by boldness of manner, perspicuity of style, and great vigor of thought: The whole South should know him. He was their friend, indeed and in need, upon this occasion—and when we left the house, which we did while Garrison was whining his hypersities homily a shoul in course, of this oppressed people; exhorted them to aid in their emancipation from bondage, and trusted the day was not far distant when all the Marth should rejuice as one christian man, in this made a Southern heart heat with pride to see this

> This question is indeed, as it should be, the true, first and paramount issue in our next Presidential campaign. For my own humble part, would be willing to see every other question merged for the time, and the South united as a band of brothers, and as one man. Wh Editors, these fanalics actually avow, 1 am told, that they are organizing for the purpose of aiming a blow at this institution; and as the Herald says, if the Constitution did not "guarantee the liberty of speech, every one of them would be honged to the first lamposet. In any other contents hanged to the first lamp-post. In any other country their mouths would be shut in a very summary manner and themselves lodged in the cells

Such is an accurate, though hurried account of the abolition movements in New York, I have thought it would not be amiss to send it to you, imperfect as it is in style, and wanting in system. Such as it is, you are welcome to use it; and if it serves to arouse our own people on this important subject. I am content.

I omitted to mention, that after we left the meeting, a large crowd went down to our quarters and drank Mr. R. T. Daniel's toast, which has been so much admired at the North: "The States of the Union—Distinct as the billows, one as the sea." Very truly, yours &c.

[This toast of Mr. Daniel has also been highly complimented by the N. Orleans press for genuine poetic sentiment."—Enquirer.]

AMERICAN BATTLES.

Comparative loss of the Battles of the Revolution arranged according to priority.

British loss. Am. loss. Lexington, April 19, 1775, Bunker Hill, June 17, 1775, Flatbush, Ang. 12, 1776, White Plains, Ang. 26, 1776, Trenton, Dec. 25, 1776, Princeton, Jan. 5, 1777, Hubbardstown, Aug. 7, 1777, Bennington, Aug. 16, 1777, Bennington, Aug. 16, 1777, Brandywine, Sept. 11, 1777, Stillwater, Sept. 17, 1777, Germantown, Oct. 17, 1777, Red Hook, Oct. 22, 1777, Monmouth, June 28, 1778, Rhode Island, Aug. 26, 1778, Rhode Island, Aug. 26, 1778, Ringer Mountain, July 15, 1779, Canden, Aug. 16, 1780, King's Mountain, Oct. 1, 1780, Cowpens, Jan. 17, 1781, Goillard C. H. March 18, 1781, Hobkirk's Hill, April 25, 1781, Eutaw Springs, Sept. 8, 1781, Yorktown, Oct. 19, 1781, 273 1054 400 400% aVF 24,853 9,897 Total.

The promotion of Col. Jefferson Davis, who commanded the Mississippi Regiment of fire cetters in the battles of Montery and Buena Vista, to the rank of Brigadier General, in place of Gen. Pillow, promoted, will give satisfaction to the friends of the service throughout the country. A braver man neper-wielded a sword. The extraordinory efficiency of the Mississippi Regiment is doubtless due in a measure to the spirit of their leader.—N. Y. Journal of Commerce.



CHEARLESTOWN:

Friday Morning, June 4, 1847.

GEN. TAYLOR AND HIS POLITICS. As a very large portion of the Whig press the country have run up the Taylor flag, and seem bent on running him for the Presidency in spite of his politics and every other consideration, any thing relating to his political principles and sympathies we doubt not will prove acceptable to our readers. We give below the latest information we have received on the subject, which we extract from the columns of the Baltimore Sun.

The fact is, the Whig party, finding their prin ciples, after a thorough examination and discussion, repudiated by the American people, and all hopes of success, as a party, entirely destroyed, so long at least as the old lines of distinction are kept up, have resorted to the present scheme of running General Taylor as the People's candidate, knowing his want of sympathy with them in principle, in order that they may abandon with some degree of grace, their former crude and undigested system of legislation. They do not care how ultra he may be in favor of a strictly revenue tariff, and in opposition to their far-famed "American System," notwithstanding that question was to have been the rallying cry of the party-they care not how much he may be opposed to them in every thing that they have formerly so strenuously advocated. They do not seek to know his politics but at all events, he is to be the candidate, and if they are not able to beat us with a Whig, are satisfied to do it even with a Loco Foco.

We do not profess to know all of General Taylor's political opinions, but we would venture to assert that he has no political affinities with Webster's and Adams' et id omne genus of the Whig par ty. If the sovereign people of this glorious country of ours see proper to make him the President, it will not be because of his advocacy of Whig measures. It will not be for denouncing a war forced upon us by the treachery of Mexico, as unrightedus and unjust, thus bringing odium upon his own country in the eyes of the world, and subjecting himself, as many of those who cry loudest in his praise have done, to the merited charge of "moral treason." We hesitate not to say that any candidate who thus comes before the American people, as a candidate for that high office will be indignantly repudiated by them. The day of reckoning will come to all such, and fearful will

How Gen. Taylor can suffer himselt to be run as the candidate of a party who has denounced the war in which he has won his laurels, as "damnable," and himself the hero of this unrightcous contest, we cannot exactly see. But this is not our look out. We give the extract for as much as it is worth:

POLITIES OF GEN. TAYLOR.—A correspondent of the Galena Gazette, says Gen. Taylor, from his carliest youth, has been a warm admirer of Thes. carliest youth, has been a warm admirer of Thos.
Jefferson, and, on his marriage, vowed that if
blessed with children, his first-born should be
named after the sage of Monticello. He had
children, but it happened, somewhat unfortunately, that his first was a girl. Determined, however, to execute his purpose, he called her Thomas Jefferson! She became the wife ol Col Jefferson Davis commander of the first regions of ferson Davis, commander of the first regiment of Mississippi infantry in Gen. Taylor's army. Mr. Hodges, to whom Gen. Taylor lately ad-

dessed his letter concerning the Presidency, is editor of the Bulletin, a Whig and Tariff newspaper in New Orleans, about the first Southern print that named Gen. Taylor for President; but it has not opposed the war in any of its stages.

DISGRACEFUL LANGUAGE.

In no city of our extended Union, but Boston, we should think, could a paper be countenanced and supported, after proclaiming sentiments as infamous as the following, of the Boston "Chron-

If there is in the United States a heart wor thy of American liberty, its impulses is TO JOIN THE MEXICANS, and hurl down upon the base, slavish, mercenary invaders, who, born in a Republic, go to play the accursed game of the Hessians, over the tops of those Mexican volcanoes. It would be a sad and wiful joy, but a joy nevertheless, to hear that the hordes under Scott and Taylor were EVERY MAN OF THEM, SWEPT INTO THE NEXT WORLD. What business has an invading army in THIS? Were it the last word the Chronotype should ever utter, and its editor with his wife and little ones were to suffer for it the magnanimous retribution of Christian warfare, as did the women and children at Vera Cruz, it would brand Polk, Scott, Taylor, and all their subordinate butchers, as less fit to live in this green and flowery world than any wretch that ever swung out of it on hemp.

ANOTHER LETTER FROM GEN. TAYLOR .- We find in the New Orleans Bulletin the following extracts from a private letter of Gen. Taylor's. It will be seen that the General thinks that it is by a "strict observance" of the constitution that the country is to be made most prosperous at home as well as most respected abread. We think so too. We go for the strictest construction, and egainst latitudinarianisms

In regard to the Presidency, I will not say that I would not serve if the good people of the country were to require me to do so, however much it is opposed to my wishes, for I am free to say, that I have no aspirations for the situation. My greatest, perhaps, only wish, has been to bring, or aid in bringing this war to a speedy and honora-

" It has ever been, and still is, my anxious wish that some one of the most experienced, talented, and virtuous statesman of the country, should be chosen to that high place at the next election. I sm satisfied that, if our friends will do their duty, such a citizen may be elected.

"I must, however, be allowed to say, that khave

"I must, however, be allowed to say, that khave not the vanity to consider myself qualified for so high and responsible a station, and whilst we have far more eminent and deserving names before the country, I should prefer to stand aside, if one of them could be raised to the first office, in the gift of a free people.

"I go for the country, the whole country—and it is my ardent and sincere wish, to see the individual placed at the head of the nation, who, by a strict observance of the constitution (be he whom he may) can make us most prosperous at home, as well as most respected abroad."

BY A letter from Nathan H. Hafer, of Capt. Mason's Mounted Riffemen, dated Jalappa, May 5, states that all those in the Company who joined in this place, are welli. Lieut. Porter is in command of the company at present.

The continued infatuation and obstinacy of Mexico, in rejecting the Olive-Branch of peace, though on every field she has been crushed by our power, has turned public attention to the problem of the best policy to be pursued, in order to secure the objects we had in view, in the prosecution of a war wantonly thrust upon us. We have already (says the Richmond Enquirer,) referred to various schemes of policy, and desire to keep our readers advised of the views of those whose talents and position ought to give weight to their opinions. There is no doubt, in our mind, that the war has been conducted with two much lenity and forbearance towards the besotted people of Mexico, who ignorantly mistake our kindness for timidity and vacillation. Our true policy, it strikes is, is to make the nation, with whom we are at war, defray all the expenses of the war. By no other means can the people, and the rulers of Mexico, be made to feel the fatal mischiefs of their obstinate refusal to listen to terms of peace. With these views, we refer to the policy proposed by General Patterson and other officers just returned from Mexico. According to the Picayune, t is their opinion "that the probability of conquer ng a peace upon the plan of warfare hitherto pursued, is slender indeed. It is thought by them, that an army of forty thousand, rank and file, should be in the field; that captured cities should pe put under the jurisdiction of American citizens; that the revenues of the State should be seized to defray the expenses of the war; that all the resources pertaining to the Government should be neld as spoils of war; and that the military authority set up by the United States army should exercise all the powers of taxation and legislation

belonging to the civil administration of the country. This plan embraces the idea of actual conjuest and absolute jurisdiction, and is deemed the only feasible one of bringing the war to a close. "It is the belief of Gen. Patterson and others

"It is the belief of Gen. Patterson and others who have given the subject a large consideration, that an authority embracing all the necessary attributes of sovereignty, set up in Mexico, could collect revenue equal to its wants; and that the people of that country can alone be brought to their senses by the exhibition of such an authority. To permit the alcade to use his functions in a captured city, or the native civil magistracy to conduct public affairs is keeping an every in a captured city, or the native civil magistracy to conduct public affairs, is keeping an enemy in power who will be surely contriving against the army. This system has been productive of hurt wherever it has been tried in Mexico, and experi-

ence demands its abandonment.
"A military government, administered upon civilized principles, it is contended, would be preferable to the one now existing in Mexico. It would be more acceptable to the tax-payers, it is supposed, than the present arbitrary and vacilla-ing one. It would be able to maintain itself withut greater exactions than the country is accusomed to bear, and might in the end leave the peo-ole in a better condition to govern themselves than ey now are. These ideas seem plausible, and t might be wise to give them an experiment in some of the captured States."

SCARCITY OF FOOD IN MARYLAND. It seems that there is much suffering from the vant of food and the necessaries of life in some portions of this country, as well as in unfortunate Ireland. The Baltimore Sun states that in some of the Eastern counties of Maryland, great scarcity prevails, and that the sufferings from want are rapidly spreading over that State. The poorer classes in some sections are reduced almost to a state of starvation by the enormous prices of breadstuffs, which, indeed, can scarcely be obtained at any price. The Sun, as evidence of the suffering in Charles county, publishes an endors :ment on the letter bill by a Postmaster in that county, (which will be found in another column of our paper to-day,) which says that many were begging from door to door, and that corn could not be had at any price. We trust, however, that checked, if not entirely arrested, and we feel con- sion as Captain, under the ten regiment law. fident that those who have so generously extend-

There is to be a grand Procession of the Sons of Temperance in Philadelphia on Tuesday the 15th instant. The committee of Arrangements of the National Division have published the

Programe of the Line.—Thos. B. Florence, of Pa., M. W. Marshal of the day, and Aids; committee of Arrangements, with State Banners; Orators and Guests, in barouches; Music; National Division of the United States, blue regalia, and M. W. Conductor, George Crosby, of Pa; Grand Division of the State of N. Y. red regalia; Subordinate Divisions of the State of New York, white regalia; Grand and Subordinate Divisions of the States of New Jersey, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Connecticut, Massachusetts; Grand and Subordinate Divisions of the District of Columbia; Grand and Subordinate Divisions of the States of Maine, Virginia, Ohio, Delaware, Indiana, Ten-nessee, North Carolina, Kentucky, Georgia, Illi-nois, Michigan, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Missouri, Louisiana, and the members from South Missouri, Louisiana, and the members from Carolina, Mississippi, Alabama, Vermont, Iowa, Wisconsin, Canada, &c.
Signed, F. A. Fickardt, J. W. Oliver, B. F. Yard, J. S. Valentine, T. B. Florence, committee

The Philadelphia Ledger says :-- At the first national jubilee, held in New York in June last, ult. No iusurance. the order numbered 40,000 members, nearly 10-000 of whom appeared in the procession. At the present time the order numbers 100,000, and it is expected that 25,000, embracing delegates from most of the States of the Union, will participate on the approaching celebration.

The Southern Churchman publishes the following resolution as finally adopted by the Episcopal Convention, on the question of the acceptance by Bishop Johns of the Presidency of William and Mary College. Among those who participated in the debate on this subject which, in the language of the Churchman, "excited the deepest interest," were the Rev. Mr. Stringfellow and Messrs. Edward Colston and Bryant:

"Resolved, That the Bishop and Assistant Bishop be requested to unite in a letter to the authorities of William and Mary College, expressing the thanks of this Convention for the confidence they have manifested in the Episcopal Church, in this Diocese, by honoring one of her chief pastors with the highly responsible office of President of that most respected and valued institution, and also to explain to them the objections, in our view insuperable, which compet this Convention, with great regret, to decline advising our valued Assistant Bishop to the acceptance of that appointment." " Resolved, That the Bishop and Assistant Bish-

A Telegraph despatch from Albany, published

n the N. Y. Herald says-

A planter arrived here from New Otleans last A planter arrived here from New Orleans last evening with two slaves. The Abolitionists were apprised of it, and the slaves were arrested and brought before a judge of the county court. The court set them at liberty, and told them that they were free. They escaped from the colored moh, and returned to their master, who left for New PAGE BARBECUE.

According to notice heretofore given, the Ba becue tendered to the Hon, HENRY BEDINGER, by his Democratic brethren of Page county, came off on Saturday last. The day was an auspiciou one—and the dinner, served up in a beautiful grove, was the most sumptuous we have ever seen upon a similar occasion. A large number of the fair daughters of Page and the adjacent counties were in attendance, and gave an increased interest to the scenes of the day. After the company had partaken of the rich repast prepared for the "inner man," the Hon. Henry Bedinger was introduced by the President of the Springfield Association, and gave them a speech of near two hours. It was an eloquent effort, and seemed to have been very justly appreciated by all who were in attendance. After he had concluded, a number of regular and volunteer toasts were drunk, which, together with a full and most interesting account of the meeting, have been furnished for publication, and will appear next week.

A fine Band from Luray being in attendance, the festivities of the day were closed by a Dance.-This was continued for an hour or two, when the company dispersed. Nothing whatever occurred those who were in attendance from the neighboring counties, will ever appreciate most highly, the towards them by the sterling Democracy of Page | in receiving notes.

ELECTION IN MORGAN.

We again urge our Democratic friends to bea n mind that the election for a Delegate to represent the County of Morgan, in the next General Assembly of Virginia, is fast approaching. And it is the bounden duty of every Democrat, who has or the adjoining counties, to be at the polls on the fourth Thursday in the present month, (24th inst.,) and give the Democratic candidate a triumphant the "British loco-foco Tariff." majority. Our opponents will exert their utmost power to elect their man, and should they succeed we shall be without a majority in the next House of Delegates. It is all important, then, that every Democrat should be at the polls; we hope none will absent themselves, but that there will be a general turnout and that a victory may be achieved.

THE SCHOOL BILL. Thursday, 3d of June, was the day fixed for taking the vote of Jefferson county, on the District Free School Bill. At the time of putting our paper to press we have not learned the result, but as a two third vote is necessary to carry the bill, we have fears of its defeat, unless the friends of education, throughout the county, have come out in solid phalanx to its support.

Martinsburg Division of the Sons of Temperance will have a public Procession in that town on Saturday the 19th of June.

Samaritan Lodge, I. O. O. F. in Smith field, will hold a procession in that town on Saturday next, the 5th instant. An Address will be delivered by Maj. A. J. O'BANNON, of Wildey Lodge.

IT It is stated that Major Hobbie, Assistan Post Master General, will go out to Europe in the American Mail Steamer Washington, which leaves New York on Monday next, for the purpose of effecting a Post-office arrangement with several of the Governments of Europe, which will greatly facilitate the correspondence between their citi-

The Steamer, now due, had not arrived on Wednesday. She will bring fifteen days later news from Europe, and is looked for with great

RESIGNED .- We learn from the Norfolk Herald, the progress of this dire calamity will be speedily that Capt. John Tyler has resigned his commis-

> cork leg, captured at Cerro Gordo, has arrived at New Orleans.

> The Presbyterian General Assembly, (Old School,) for sometime in session at Richmond, adjourned sine die on Monday evening. The next convention will convene the third Thursday in May next, in the First Presbyterian Church in

> Baltimore. Pugilism.-Bell, of Brooklyn, has challenged Caunt to fight for \$125; Caunt has accepted the invitation. The Spirit of Saturday, contains an offer by Yankee Sullivan to produce a man in this city against any man in all England, whose weight does not exceed 10 stone 8 pounds, to fight for \$1000 a side in any state except New York, and New Jersey, where such exhibitions of "science" are not countenanced by the authorities.
>
> [Baltimore Clipper.

> FIRES .- The Harrisonburg, (Va.,) Register of Saturday states that the store-house and mill be-longing to Mr. Peter Henton, on Smith's Creek, in at county, were entirely destroyed by fire on Friday morning of last week. The store-house was filled with goods. The mill contained a large quantity of wheat and flour, almost all of which was destroyed by the devouring element. The loss is estimated at from \$8,000 to \$10,000, upon

> which there was no insurance.
> The Oil Cloth Factory at East Winthrop, Kenebeck county, (Me.) owned by Messrs. Bailey, was consumed by fire on the night of the 17th

A BIBLE MOVEMENT .- The Rev. John C. Smith, pastor of the fourth Presbyterian church in Washington, who has interested himself much in the wellare of our troops in Mexico, recently delivered a sermon in his Church, the subject of which was Victory. The victory which Mr. Smith looks to is spreading the Bible over Mexico, and he proposes to the American Bible Society to take means to place a Bible in the hands of every Mexi-can family. When the tumult of war shall cease—as he hopes it soon will—he wishes to see one general, united effort thus to heal Mexico's wounds with leaves," in his own words, " from the tree

COTTON FACTORY AT ALEXANDRIA. - We learn from the Gazette that the Mount Vernon Manufacturing Company intend to commence the erection of a new Cotton Factory in the above place, in the course of a few days. The building which is to be erected on the lot recently purchased by the company, on Washington and Oronko streets, is o be of brick, 110 feet in length, 50 feet deep, and 4 stories high. The Factory will run say 100 looms, 3,000 spindles, and will consume about 1, 500 lbs. of cotton per day in the manufacture of neavy sheeting. It will give employment to about 150 persons.

Beginging to Mingle.—From the following, which appeared in the Mobile Herald, it would reem that the work has begun. We hope the gentleman will find an angel in his Mexican bride, if such she be:—"Married, at Mier, Mexico, on the —th ult., Mr. Jack P. Everett, lately of this city, to Miss Antoinette Garcia, of the former place."

APPOINTMENT BY THE LT. GOVERNOR OF VIRGINIA.—John T. Wait, of Norwich, New London county, to be Commissioner of the State of Connecticut, to take depositions, acknowledgments of deeds, &c.

ODD FELLOWS PROCESSION.

A procession of the I. O. O. F., Shenandoah Lodge, No. 33, took place in Woodstock, on Fri-day last. About 125 of the Brethren of the order were in attendance. The oration on the occasion, was delivered by P. G. M. KELLY, of this town. We have heard it spoken of as a most creditable production, and one that gave entire satisfaction to the immense concourse who were in atten-

COUNTERFEITS.

SPURIOUS BANK OF BALTIMORE NOTES .- The Cecil, (Elkton, Md.,) Whig states that within the last few days a number of counterfeit notes have been passed in that town. The editor has seen some of the following kinds :- 2's on the Merchant's Bank of Baltimore, altered from a worthless New York note. The name of D. Sprigg, cashier, is badly imitated, and they can at once be detected by a circular stamp, at the middle of the bottom of the note, containing the words " Real Estate Pledged and Private Property Holden."-Nothing like this is found (says the Baltimore Sun) in any genuine Baltimore note. 3's on the Mechanic's Bank at Newark, N. J.; a new counterfeit, thus described in Bicknell's Detector, "letto mar the pleasure incident to the occasion, and ter D, payable to John Ogden, signed Mathew W. Day, cashier, Joseph W. Halsey, President. Signatures engraved and written over aftewards." generous welcome and kind hospitality, extended | It would be well for every person to be watchful

WHAT RUIN!-The Boston Atlas says that fifteen hundred houses will be built in the new manufacturing town of Lawrence the present season. Just think of the building ten houses every day in a town only one year old! What strange people those Yankees are-to be investing their substance in building manufacturing towns, when a vote in the county, whether residing within that the "wise men" of the party claiming " all the in-

> MISSISSIPPI SENATOR .-- We learn from the N. O. Bulletin that Col. Jefferson Davis has been appointed to fill the vacancy in the U. S. Senate. caused by the death of Senator Speight. Col. Davis' commission is now in New Orleans, awaiting his arrival. Gov. Brown, it is said, has made the appointment to meet the possible contingency of an extra session of Congress.

> The Union says, " we most confidently believe, on the best and most recent information we have been able to obtain, the chief, if not the sole obstacle to a pacification between the two countries now, is to be found in the impression propduced opon the Mexican Government and people, by the past and present tone and attitude of some of the Whig leaders and Whig prints, in relation to the war, its causes, and its purposes."

> CROPS IN MARYLAND, --- The drought on the Eastern Shore, continues with almost unabated severity. The Chestertown (Kent county) News states that they have not had sufficient rain to wet the earth a quarter of an ihch below the surface, since the month of March, and adds:

"The wheat crop, with a few fortunate exceptions, may be considered a failure, and is now past recovery. It is supposed that not more than one fourth of an oat crop will be made, and we presume this is about the proportion of the wheat. The causes operating in Kent county have existed, we believe, throughout the Eastern Shore, principally on the Western and in other places. Corn is too young to form a conjecture about. The pas-tures are comparatively bare, and hence butter has commanded an unusual price and young stock has been in bad condition for market." The Annapolis Republican says:

"The wheat crop, from the head of South river, in Anne Arunnel county, Md. to the Chesapeake bay, we are told, has suffered very much from the long drought. The rain of the 23d instant had some renovating effect, but it came too late and the yield must be very light.

The following are the names of the gentlemen elected by the Protestant Episcopal Convention of Virginia to represent that body in the General Convention which is to assemble soon in Philadelphia:

CLERICAL DELEGATES Rev. A. Empie, D. D., Rev. J. P. McGuire, Rev. Jas. May, D. D., Rev. C. W. Andrews, Rev. A. Jones, D. D., Rev. Chas. Mann. Rev. W. G. H. Jones, Rev. C. B. Dana LAY DELEGATES. ALTERNATES. P. Williams, Esq., Hon. W. C. Rives, Col. Edw'd. Colston, Tazewell Taylor, Esq., Gen. Sam'l. H. Lewis, R. H. Cunningham, W. H. Macfarland. Hon. G. W. Summers

BREADSTUFFS AT CUMBERLAND, MD .- The late rise in the prices of Breadstuffs, have had the effect of bringing into our market considerable quantities of flour and grain, which have found ready purchasers at full prices. The supply has been so much above the demand of the "home market," that all the cars that could be furnished by the Railroad for some days past have been filled for the Baltimore market.

The surrounding counties of Virginia and Pennsylvania, begin to appreciate the importance of Cumberland as their market town, which it is to be hoped will lead to the making of permanent rouds to Bedford and several other points.

[Alleganian.

EXCHANGE OF PRISONERS.—According to La Patria, of New Orleans, Don Jose Maria Mata, commander of battallion, who was made prisoner at Cerro Gordo and arrived lately at New Orleans, has been exchanged and was to leave that city or the 21st, on his return to Vera Cruz. We are not informed for whom he was exchanged.

GEN. SHIELDS .- We are gratified to hear that letters have been received in this city from the aid of Gen. Shields, dated Jalapa, 11th instant, represent him as so rapidly improving as to induce the belief that in the course of a few weeks e will be able to visit the U. States. (New Orleans Delta, 23.

EXPORTS OF BREADSTUFFS TO EUROPE .- Dur ing the last week the exports of breadstuffs from Baltimore to the different ports of Europehave been as follows:—5,425 barrels flour, 4,630 barrels corn meal, 60,241 bushels corn, 7,203 bushels wheat, 7,444 bushels oats and 300 boxes biscuit.

A DEED OF MURDER.—The St. Louis papers cantain accounts of a deed of murder that chills the blood to read. It appears from a correspondence from Sandy Prairie, Scott county, Missouri, that on Tuesday Dr. Whistler, of that place, was murdered while riding along the road about half a mile from a Mr. Orr's house. Some assassing fired upon him from a cluster of bushes. Three balls were lodged in his body—one in his breast, one in his thigh, and one above the hip.

The Races.—We understand that one of the best contested races ever run over the Canton course, came off yesterday. The purse was \$500; three mile heats, and the entries were S. Laird's renowned mare Fashion, and N. Green's bay horse Passenger. The first heat was won by Passenger; the second by Fashion; the third was pronounced a dead heat; and the fourth heat was taken by Fashion by half a length. Time: 5 45—551—652. Much dissatiafaction was expressed at the decision of the judges in reference to the third heat, a large number of those present believing that Fassenger won the heat by several inches.—Baltimore Sun. THE RACES .- We understand that one of the

MR. POLK AT RICHMOND.

The Enquirer of the 29th gives the following account of the reception of the President and his party at Richmond, on their way to visit North

party at Richmond, on their way to visit North Carolins:

Last evening was in every way creditable to the Metropolis of Virginia. The President and party were received with a cordial welcome, worthy of the Old Dominion. We cannot better express our sentiments than by saying that we felt proud of the City and the State in which we live. We desire to refer with especial commendation to the volunteer companies of this city, who turned out in large numbers to extend the proper courteey to the Chief Magistrate of the Nation. We have never seen in this city a more handsome military display, nor any affair of the kind pass off better.

The President was accompanied by Mrs. Polk, Miss Rucker, of Tenn., Judge Mason (the Secretary of the Navy,) and two daughters and son, and Col. Walker, the Private Secretary of the President. The cars having stopped at the corner of 7th street, the President and gentlemen of his party was welcomed to the city by the Mayor in a few words, to which the President briefly replied.—They then, attended by the Mayor, State and City Authorities and the Committee of Arrangements, passed on foot in front of the military drawn up in the following order:—The Richmond Dragoons, Lieut. Marx commanding; the Artillery, Captain Ellis; the Blues, Captain Tompkins; the Eagle Infantry, Capt. Nicholas; the Greys, Capt. Elliott; and the State Guard, Capt. Dimmock. They then took carriages, and, escorted by the military, moved on to the South Portico of the Capitol, where an immense crowd had assembled and where the President exchanged salutations with where an immense crowd had assembled and where the President exchanged salutations with hundreds of our citizens. The military were ranged on the terrace below and presented a very picturesque appearance. From this point also, Capt. Ellis's big guns fired the President's salute of 21 mass.

of 21 guns.

Mrs. Polk, and the ladies in company, were escorted by members of the committee to the Council Chamber, which was filled by ladies, who called to pay their respects. The President and party having viewed the noble statue of Washington, the State Library and the beautiful prospect across the river, returned to their carriages, and were

the river, returned to their carriages, and were escorted by the military and citizens to the Petersburg Depot, where a large crowd had assembled to see the cars set out at 7, P. M.

Dr. Cox, Mayor of Petersnurg and "Major" W.
R. Drinkard accompanied the President to the Little Cockade Town, where they would take supper and travel on through the night to North Carolina. The fine band of the Greys' went in the Southern Cars, en route to Chapel Hill. As the cars moved off it struck up a stirring air.

the cars moved off, it struck up a stirring air.

The President and party were in the City about two hours, and we know that they were highly gratified at their kind and cordial reception by our citizens. They could not have felt otherwise, we are satisfied.

are satisfied.

Much credit is due to the Mayor of the city,
Capt. Ellis, the senior officer in command, and the
Committee of Arrangements, (Mr. C. F. Osborn
at their head,) for the spirited and successful manner in which the simple and republican ceremonies were conducted.

THE LOSS OF THE MEXICANS AT BUENA VISTA. -The Mexicans must have suffered a dreadful loss at Buena Vista, according to the reports in their own papers. The Matamoras Flag translates an extract from a letter published in the Zacatecano of the 6th ult., from Don Manuel Icaza, a surgeon in the Mexican Army, to the editor of that paper, giving an account of the disposition made of the wounded on Santa Anna's retreat from Buena Vista. It had been denied that the Mexican loss in that battle was as great as at first represented. Here is conclusive evidence that their loss in killed and wounded was underrated in the statements first published, and that 5000 would not more than cover it. After mentioning that hundreds had died on the road and were left unburied, the writer proceeds:

"In the hospitals at Agua Nueva, were left fifty-nine wounded, two doctors, one medicine chest, and provisions for one month; in Incarnation 214 wounded, 2 doctors, and two month's proisions; in Saltillo 42 wounded, one month's provisions; in Saltillo 42 wounded, one month's pro-vions and necessary medicines, with three doc-tors; in Cadral, a hospital supported by the neigh-borhood and the authorities, with 38 wounded, attended by a surgeon of the place; in Matahuela, 348 wounded, three medicine chests, one tierce of

The other letter is from the surgeon of the regular hospital in San Luis. It was with the division of the army that retreated to this place that the majority of the wounded were carried. He

'I will soon receive 847 wounded, which added to the 587 here already, will make the extra-ordinary number of 1484. For all these I have neither blankets, sheets, nor any of the necessasaries they require. The donations of clothing that have been made to the hospital are not suffi-cient for even two hundred of this number-proisions are also greatly deficient. In fact, mis ortunes encompass us on all sides, and the mea-sure of our sufferings is full."

In connection with these statements take the number of dead and wounded left upon and in the vicinity of the battle ground, and some idea may be formed of the carnage on the bloody field of Buena Vista, and with what desperation the batle was waged.

LATER FROM SANTA FE .- Critical state of the country—Another Revolution preparing.—We have five days later news from Santa Fe. The news was brought to St. Louis on the 22d inst., by Mr. J. McNight, a trader from Santa Ee. He represents the country to be in a most critical state, and that a revolution was daily anticipated. The executions which had taken place, had caused a great sensation, particularly at Puebla.

An Indian express had been received at Vegas, from Taos, for a large body of men to hold them-

selves in readiness to march there. It was the general opinion that another and peedy effort would be made by the Mexicans to revolutionize the country from American sway. The chief Alcade and others at Vegas, who were peacefully disposed, were trying to prevent such a movement, but it is evident that nothing can effect it except the presence of a strong force

o overawe them. The Camanche Indians are very troublesome and have announced their intention to attack every

party.
The party of a Mr. Brown, a Santa Fe trader who left the settlements not long ago, was attacked at the crossing of the Arkansas, their horses and mules taken, with about half of their merchandize.

THE REVEREND MR. REV .- We mentioned some time since that positive information had been received at Georgetown College, of the murder in Mexico of this much esteemed divine. The following information, from one of the Washington correspondents, of the Baltimore Sun, gives some interesting particulars with regard to

"Letters have been received in this city, some of the Ecclesiastics, giving an account of the death of Father Rey, the recovery and identi-fication of his body, and its interment with reli-

fication of his body, and its interment with religious rites.

"Father Rey was proceeding, with several Americans, (soldiers and others,) from Camargo to Monterey, when he and his party were way-laid and murdered by a party of rancheros. This happened near the village of Marin. Some days afterwards, the Mexicans in the vicinity, learned that a Priest had been slain in this party, and they proceeded to the spot, and identified the body of Father Rey, from the clothes and other evidences, lying exposed to the elements, and removed it to Marin, where it was interred with religious ceremonies and every demonstration of respect."

Wednesday week, according to previous announcement, held their "May Festival" at Cassilis, the beautiful residence of Mr. Andrew Kennedy, near this town. We were necessarily absent on the occasion, but through the kindness of a friend, have been furnished with the following particulars.

have been furnished with the following particulars:

"About 3 o'clock in the evening, I, in company with others from the Town and County, arrived at "Cassilia," and was highly enchanted, as I walked up the nature planted grove of forest trees, extending in front of Mr. Kennedy's handsome residence, at beholding the gay preparations, which the fine taste of the young ladies had displayed, in the erection of the throne and its decorations, for their approaching solemnities. The throne was reared in the Western Portico, with flowers of every variety, beautifully festooned, and seemed a fit seat for the fair one, who had been chosen to be its occupant. The Pillars of the Portico, too, were ornamented with truly classic taste, being embraced by circles of oak leaves and roses. Indeed it really seemed that fairy hands had been at work, and the presiding deity of that invisible band, was about to appear amidst the gay scene. The birds sang sweetly, and although we had not the sunbeams stealing through the waving canopy of trees, the sporting zephyr was mild enough to show its sympathy with the gladsome ceremonies. About an hour after my arrival, during which time we were entertained by the kind hospitalities of Mr. K's. House, we were summoned to the festive scene, to witness the mysteries of the Fairy coronation. Having gathered around on the "Green Sward," in front of the throne, the beautiful band then made its appearance, headed by little Master Johnnie Alexander, who himself bound with a wreath of flowers, acted as crown bearer to her Majesty the "Queen of May." Then came the fair princess herself, Miss Jane W—, at her side, with becomers, acted as crown bearer to her Majesty the "Queen of May." Then came the fair princess herself, Miss Jane W—, at her side, with becoming dignity, her Princely Lord, Miss Ellen S—, and then the beautiful bands of Maids of honor and Floras, decked in snow white robes and flowers, and rosy smiles more bright than flowers.— The latter was composed of Misses Fanny H—, Charlotte A—, Susan K—, Sally B—, Betty H—, and Fanny T—; and the former of Miss Christie C—, Amanda C—, Mary L—, and Sarah K—, all scholars of Miss Helm. The King and Queen having ascended the platform of the throne and the Maids of Honor and Floras having taken their appropriate positions, which displayed much their appropriate positions, which displayed much taste of arrangement, the aforesaid, master Johnnie, bearing in his hand the flower wrought Crown, which was to encircle the fair brow of the Queen, in handsome style presents it with the following

in handsome style presents it with the for address:

"What little boy is this you'll cry!
I answer for myself, 'is i.
'Tis I, a little frightened too,
At what your subjects bid me do.
Not by my choice, but their command,
Before your royal throne I stand.
The happy throng you now survey
Bid me proclaim you "Queen of May,"
The King hashes received the Center of May," The King having received the Crown, reserving

to himself the honor of placing it in its proper place, the "Maids of Honor" with all becoming grace addressed the throne as follows-When Eastern Conquerors tread the path
Of darkly, dearly-bought renown,
Before their stately steps are cast
Earth; fair but fading blossoms down;
But more enduring flowers for thee,
Fair Queen, should strew the paths of life,
Hope's bright, star-lit ANEMONE,
And Peace, pure LILY—foe to strife.

And Peace, pure Litt—toe to strile.

And Happiness, the Rosk, should spring Incersant in thy guileless way,
While over all its deathless wreath Should Faith, the Amaranti, display;
And thus the Heart's unfading flowers Should o'er thy blameless life be strown. That thou might'st count the passing hours By Peace and Hope and Joy alone.

The King then, regarding with pride his fair consort and his beautiful subjects, with a dignity worthy of his royal highness, and a grace worthy the original of him thus personified, made the fullowing

ADDRESS.

Song of the Fairy King.

Song of the Fairy King.

Hail princess fair,
Bright spirits of air,
Of earth and of ocean thy subjects are;
Thy reign shall be,
O'er the glad and free,
And we hall thee, queen of our festive glee.
Behold the glad throng,
Of pleasure and song,
To kneel at thy throne now they hurry along;
With forms of the graces,
And sunbright faces,
Where beauty is smiling in youth's embraces.
With hearts as gay,
As the delicate Alay, As the delicate May,
When with her soft treeses the zephyra play,
With fairest flowers
From facry bowers,
We crown thee Queen of the rosy hours.

As sunboams quiver,
Along some river,
While the white fonu plays on its waters ever,
So too shall the stream
Of our life ever gleam,
With mirth's sweet light and with pleasure's beam.

Then bring, all bring,
As an offering,
On the brightest smiles from the heart that spring;
Let joy without measure,
The heart's best treasure, ts spirit diffuse through this day of pleasure.

After the address, the queen, during the progress of which the crown had been placed upon her head, with her blushing honors thick upon her, as well as the smiles of her admiring subjects, with a modesty highly becoming her newly acquired power, then proclaimed the following ROYAL EDICT.

ROYAL EDICT.
Ye have bound my brow with a wreath of flowers,
And ye circle me now like those rosy hours,
By whom Aurora's car is drawn,
When she gems with dlamonds the dewy lawn;
And with eyes as bright,
As heaven's own light,
And sunbright faces fair to see,
On the green sward here,
My throne ye rear,
And crown me quoen of your festive glee.
On the green sward here,

O'er my rosy realm, where the wild bird sings,
And each zephyr reposes with folded wings,
And the larks wild note from the cloudless heaven,
Back to the joyons earth is given.—
My edict shall be,
That mirth and giee,
Inspire each one of my subjects fair;
And each heart to-day,
Shall be more gay,
Than even the notes of the wild bird's are.

Then the lovely band of Floras, with delightful harmony, hailed their fair Queen with the fol-

ADDRESS TO THE THRONE. ADDRESS TO THE THRONE.

All liail thee, fair Queen,
Of our festive scene.
To throw at thy feet, fairest flowers we bring;
In the wildwood they grew,
And were washed by the dew,
And dried again by the zephyrs soft wing.
Now away, we'll away to the flowing dell.
Where the wild birds sing and the fairies dwell,
Where the music of water falls soft on the ear,
And echo's low nurmur is answering near;
Where the spirit of beauty forever is found,
And rosy wing'd pleasure is hovering round:
And with amaranth flowers,
We'll twine us fair bowers.
Whose bloom shall be ever unfading and bright;
And with hearts as gay,
As a stream on its way.
Away we will glide in a dream of delight.
After this and the many salutations were

Away we will glide in a dream of delight.

After this and the many salutations were gone through with on the part of the young ladies who did not participate in the ceremonies, as also of the young gentlemen, the whole party then adjourned to Mrs. K.'s capacious drawing rooms, where music and dancing and a variety of innocent amusements made the moments glide most merrily away. Then came the refreshments which were partaken of in the large Eastern Portico. The long table was plentifully covered with cakes, creams, and every variety of dainties both pleasing to the eye and tempting to the appetite. You need not be told that full justice was done by those who were to partake of them. After this the young folks betook themselves to the grove, and in obedience to the edict of Her royal Highness, "mirth and glee" inspired each heart, and smiles decked each brow, as with sport and games, the hours went "merrily as a marriage bell."

The poetry recited was written expressly for the occasion.

ored Defeat of Col. Doniphan—News from rango—Preparations for the Departure of n. Cadwalader's Command for Vera Cruz,

Gen. Galwalader's Command for Vera Cruz, Ge., Ge., Ge.

The U. S. steamship Trumball, Capt. Stotesbury, arrived at New Orleans on the 22d inst., from the Brazos, whence she sailed on the 19th inst. The following passengers came over on the Trumbull:—Capt. A. B. Lansing, Capt. E. Webster and servant, and Capt. Crowinshield, Massachusetts Volunteers; Capt. Claiborne, Lieut. Frost, Father McElroy, and thirty-nine deck passengers, mostly discharged zolunteers. Capts. Lansing, Webster and Crowingshield, return to the States for a short time for the benefit of their health.

Quite the most important intelligence by this

Quite the most important intelligence by this arrival concerns the safety of Col. Doniphan's command, which is thus reported by a correspondent of the Picayune, under date of Monterey,

May 3d:

"There is a report here, derived from pretty good authority, from Col. Doniphan's force, and of a very unwelcome character. It is derived from an attache of the army at Silenas, a small town within about forty miles of this place, and he obtained the information from Mexicans who just arrived. It is to the effect that Col. Doniphan's force had been attacked at a pass called Sierra Gordon, about half way between Saltillo and Chihuahua, by a Mexican force from Durango under Gen. Riez—of whom I never recollect hearing before—and that Col. D. had been defeated with severe loss and all his artillery captured. There may be some truth in this report, as the There may be some truth in this report, as the Colonel was en route to join Gen. Wool's com-

false rumors of operations on the Vera Cruz road

The Matamoras Flag says that Gen, Urres has issued a proclamation to the citizens of Cada-reyte, very similar in one to that of Santa Anna. He calls upon the town for a contribution towards supporting the war, and also orders under arms all able-bodied males between the age of 16 and 45. In mediately after having issue mation he set off for the city of Mexico.

Every thing was quiet in California, the whole

country in possession of the Americans, and a very great influx of families and settlers from

Oregon.
The Monterey Pioneer thinks that an advance

The Monterey Pioneer thinks that an advance upon San Luis is designed by Gen. Taylor, as unusual activity prevails in all the departments, and four trains loaded with subsistence stores, have recently arrived at that place.

It is stated in the Monterey Pioneer, upon the authority of a gentleman from San Louis Potosi, that but a few hundred effective troops were in that city, and that the hospitals were filled with the side and wounded who were dying for want the sick and wounded, who were dying for want of attention. A report reached there that Gen. Taylor was within three day's march of the city which caused hundreds of the inhabitants to ra

mos with their property.

The Flag accompanies the following card with a warm tribute to the virtues and piety of the Rev.

Mr. McElroy.

A Cand.— The undersigned, being about to return to the United States, that this opportunity of expressing his gratitude to the citizens of Mata-moras, with whom he had the pleasure of an ac-quaintance, for their marked kindness and attention on all occasions, and this without fegard to tion on all occasions, and this without regard to religious opinions. To the officers of the army he acknowledges continuous acts of courtesy, during his sojourn with them—the recollection of which will be cherishedby him through life, and will enable him to appreciate their noble deeds, accompanied, always, by traits still more glorious—the humane, kind, and truly Christian treatment of their vanquished enemy, whether as prisoners of war or wounded on the battle-field. My fervent wishes and prayers, though absent from the army, wishes and prayers, though absent from the army, shall be elicited for its members, and for a speedy and honorable peace. JOHN M. McELROY. Chaplain U. S. Army.

NO SIGNS OF PEACE. Complaints against the Mexican Congress—Con-tributions to sustain the War—Rumored Captributions to sustain the War-Rumored Capture of American Wagons, and 60,000 dollars
in Gold-Slaughter of Americans-seizure of
American correspondence-Fines imposed on
Traitors-Suspension of the liberty of the Press
-The Clergy of San Louis-Extensive Organization of Guerillas, &c.
The Baltimore Sun of yesterday, furnishes
news by special express in six days from New

Orleans. We subjoin as many extracts as we can possibly find room for at the late hour at

which itwas received :-Our swift and sure-footed "ponies" (says the Our swift and sure-footed "ponies" (says the Baltimore Sun.) have again brought us by the overland route, in six days from N. O. most important intelligence from the city of Mexico. It will be seen that the prospects of peace are rapidly diminishing, and that there is every reason to believe that bloody battles are yet to be fought before a "peace if recognized."

before a "peace is conquered."

We have received by our Overland Express, a copy of the New Orleans Delta of the 26th inst., from which we extract the following important and interesting news from Mexico and the Mexi-

Through the kindness of the editors of "La Patria," we have been placed in possession of full files of El Republicano, El Monitor, and Diario del Gobierno to the 8th instant. These files are filled with interesting information, and were they to be considered a fair index to the popular mind, they would go to show that the "war spirit" is increasing daily, and that new measures are constantly being adopted to carry on the war with vigor and perseverance. Almost every number of the Mexican journals is filled with appeals to the authorities, urging action—prompt and incess.

of the Mexican journals is filled with appeals to the authorities, urging action—prompt and incessant defensive action.

The Supreme Government appointed a committee to raise money by subscription, for the purpose of paying the expenses of the war. There were several thousand names on the list, and we see amounts from 12½ cents to \$1,000.

The Republicane of the 8th inst. says, that by a letter from Orizaba of the 4th, they were informed that General Scott was sick at Jalapa, and would not move towards Puebla until the commissioners from the United States, bearing the propositions of peace, would reach headquarters—that by that time hewould have the necessary reinforcement; and that besides two wagon loads of supplies which the "guerrilleros" had captured from the Americans on the road, they had also taken \$60,000 in gold. The same letter says that the forces under Santa Anna were rapidly increasing, and that "Fis Excellency" was only awaiting for the mony which he had asked, in order to begin his operations.

on the women were in it, and enacted a conspicuous part in cutting the throats of the "Texans." It was also reported that those very men, feeling elated with the result, were marching to wards Durango in order to avenge the outrage of Chihushus.

El Monitor of the 4th says that the partizans of Santa Anna have sent commissioners to the dif-ferent States in order to obtain votes for him to be elected President.

elected President.

General Santa Anna has been joined at Orizaba by General D. Francisco Perez, with a force of 520, and also by General Brito and Banenelio, with 800 Infantry and a park of artillery. Gen. Alcorta, who has succeeded Canalizo in the command of the cavalry, is still at Chalchicomula, with 1300 cavalry and 200 dragoons from Vera Cruz, under Col. Cenobio. There are already 500 men here, and guerillas are forming rapidly. Two wagons, with goods have been taken from the Americans, which gives great encouragement and joy to the poor fellows who are skulking about Orizaba.

Don Pedro M. Anaya, President substitute of the Republic, published a decree on the 2d, declaring the whole district in a state of siege. In another decree of the commander of the Federal District, it is probibited to introduce any goods or merchandise in the town or cities in possession of the Americans, under a fine of from \$100 to \$500, which will be appropriated to the expenses of the war. The sale of any provisions, goods, horses or cattle to the Americans, is also prohibited, under a fine of from \$100 to \$1,000, applicable to he aforesaid purpose.

English Mediation.—It was understood at Mexico that the British Minister had offered the meditation of his government to secure a return to reageful relations between Mexico and the University of the security of the security of the University of the security of the security of the security of the security of the se

co that the British Minister had offered the medi-tation of his government to secure a return to peaceful relations between Mexico and the Uni-ted States. The step, however, meets with but little favor from the papers; but, from the fact that their liberty has since been suspended, there is no certainty that it is equally discountenanced by the government.

There may be some truth in this report, as the Colonel was en route to join Gen. Wool's command at Saltillo."

The Picayune, in reference to this letter remarks:—We are greatly in hopes that this will prove to be a mere Mexican rumor, and we are encouraged in this hope by the fact that the Picket Guard, published at Saltillo on the 3rd, makes no mention of the rumor, and anticipates the speedy arrival of Col. Doniphan and his command at that place.

At last accounts the most intense curiosity was felt at Monterey and Saltillo to learn news of Gen. Scott's movements. They had not heard of the victory of Cerro Gordo, but had innumerable false rumors of operations on the Vera Cruz road

From the Baltimore Sun.

From the Baltimore Sun.

Famine in Maryland.—Prompt relief must be furnished.—We have several times noticed the fact that great suffering for the want of the necessaries of life was provailing in some of the Eastern Shore counties of Maryland, and we now learn that the scarcity is also spreading over Anne Arundel, Prince George's and St. Mary's counties. The scarcity is said to be so great that food can hardly be obtained at any price, and many among the poor and destitute are almost many among the poor and destitute are almost reduced to starvation. In another part of the paper will be found some extracts from a letter from South River, appealing to our citizens for relief, and stating facts of daily occurrence in that vicinity. There are hundreds of our citizens who are originally from that section of the State, and we have no doubt they will set the ball cheerfully and promptly in motion to raise funds for their relief. The matter is a most se-

rious one, and procrastination may prove fatal.

As an evidence of the suffering in Charles county, we extract the following from an endorsement on the letter bill from Mr. John Spalding,

Postmaster at Pleasant Hill:

Pleasant Hill:

Pleasant Hill:

Pleasant Hill:

Any 26th.

Many are here begging from door to door, from the surrounding country. There is no corn to be had at any price.

John Spalding, P. M.

9 o'clock, A. M.—No less than six persons have been here begging for meal or corn. Cannot been here begging for meal or corn. Cannot some of your rich citizens give a little to their own suffering native citizens, instead of sending so much to a foreign land? Hard times here.—Respectfully, P. M.

SICKNESS ON THE RIO GRANDE.-Letters from the North Carolina regiment give a most deplora-ble account of the sufferings of the volunteers from sickness, though later accounts state that the men were recovering. One letter, dated at Ca-

we are left at this place for the summer, one half of the regiment will die. The heat even now is almost intolerable, the weather being more sultry than it is with us in August. A large ma-jority of the men have been sick with, dysentery the most fatal disease of this country.

Another letter, dated at San Francisco, has the

Our members have been sadly thinned by dis-Important from the City of Mexico. ease. Both the Edgcombe companies muster about enough men to mount guard. The company I belong to musters about twenty-eight men out of eighty-five. Yesterday, Col. Pane passed us with the second battalion, escorting two hun-dred wagons from Brazos to Camargo, and worse used up men I never saw in my life; out of four companies, not sixty men were capable of doing duty. The country from the month of the Rio Grande to Monterey is nothing but a vast extended grave-yard; the American soldiers have whitened the planes with their bones, enriched the soi with their blood, and made the natives wealthy on the spoils of war.

> VIRGINIA MILITARY INSTITUTE .- The follow ng gentlemen compose the Board of Visitors of the Virginia Military Institute, under the appoint ment of the Governor:

Wm. H. Richardson, Adjt., General, ex officio.
Gen. Corbin Braxton, of King William,
Gen. C. P. Dorman of Rockbridge.
Gen. P. H. Steenbergen, of Mason.
Col. John Jordan, of Rockbridge. Robert E. Bradley, of Abingdon.
Philip St. George Cocke, of Powhatan.
Geo. W. Munford, of Richmond City.
Robert Johnson, of Harrison, and
G. Cuthbert Powell, of Loudoun.

REMARKABLE PRENOMENON .- The Cincinnati Signal records the following singular phenomenon n possession of Dr. Chapman, of that city:

It consists of two young pigs, having the heads of elephants. The proboscis, mouth, teeth, ears, eyes, and so far as we have been able to judge, eyes, and so far as we have been able to judge, from a superficial examination, the head perfectly formed of an elephant. In one case, the proboscis is thrown over and back of the head, in the position we sometimes see the elephant hold it. In the other, it hangs over the mouth. The eyes of one are in the usual place for the elephant's, whilst one are in the usual place for the elephant's, whilst in the other, they are situated near the centre of the forehead, not unlike the hippotamus. The skin of one of these prodigies has hair like a hog; the other, precisely like an elephant. Their history is, that the menagerie was passing the neighborhood, and the animals were turned into the field where the sow was, to feed—an elephant being of the number, they are the result.

DELIGHTFUL RAINS .- Our exchanges from al quarters, North, South, East, and to some extent the West, bring gratifying accounts of refreshing rains within the last few days, doing much to acrains within the last lew days, doing much to accelerate and vivify vegetation. At the North and East, particularly, we hear of a stronger verdure being given to foliage and the rich grass spouting most luxuriantly. From different quarters of our own State we have evidences equally as gladdening to the heart of the farmer.—Balt. Sun.

THE VIRGINIA REGIMENT.

A letter was received on yesterday, from JAMES W. Duke, a member of Capt. Rowan's company. The Jefferson volunteers are now in China, with the other companies of the 2d battallion. They are designated as Company "K," and occupy the right of their battallion, and the left of the Regi-

At the time of writing, the 8th of May, the leter states that all the members of the company were well, and in fine spirits. They have had no engagement, but in one or two scouting expediions captured a number of prisoners.

WINCHESTER MEDICAL SCHOOL. This Institution closed its first course of Lectures on Saturday last—having been in active operation, with two Lectures each day, for the last eight months. We have heard the style of delivery and matter of the several Lectures of the Professors in this institution, highly spoken of. Indeed, all things considered, we believe the Winchester School presents inducements which no city school possesses.

chester School presents induced the first Monday The School will again open on the first Monday in October next, and from information received by the Professors, there can be no doubt of a large

Dr. Straith, of our town, one of the Professors in this School, closed his Lectures on Friday even-ing, after which he took leave of his class in a feeling Valedictory. Having heard it highly spoken of, we obtained it from the Dr. for our own perusal, and were so much pleased with its style and adaptness that we were disposed to let our readers enjoy it also, but failed in our effort to ob-tain the Dr's consent to its publication.

[Free Press. BALTIMORE AND PITTSBURG.

ACTION OF THE BALTIMORE DELECATION.—The Baltimore Sun says:—The delegation lately sent from this city to Pittaburg on the part of our citi-zens, in reference to the Pittaburg connection with the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, have already acted in the matter. There was a meeting of the Stockholders of the Pittsburg and Connells-ville Railroad at Pittsburg on Saturday last, at which the Baltimore delegation were present. It is stated that the delegation engaged if the Balti-more and Ohio Company should refuse to accede to the terms of Pittsburg that the citizens of Baltimore, with their own means, would build the road from Cumberland to connect with the Conellsville road. Mr. Glenn spoke in behalf of the delegation.

The following resolution was offered by the Hon. Andrew Stewart, and adopted:

Resolved, That the books of the Pittsburg and Connellsville Road Companies be opened for the subscription of stock at Pittsburg, McKeesport, West Newton, Connellsville, Cumberland, Balti-more, and such other towns and places as may be deemed advisable, and afterwards, if neccessary at New York and Boston, until a sum may be subscribed, which, with the amount already sub-scribed, shall be in the opinion of the directors sufficient to secure the extension of the said road o the Maryland line and the ultimate connection of said road between the cities of Balltimore and Pittsburg, and that when an amount in the opin-ion of the directors shall be adequate to the completion of the road to Turkey Foot, then the direct-ors be and they are hereby authorized to put a portion of the road under contract, and to proceed to the construction of the same.

SANTA ANNA'S MONEY.—A letter from Jalapa, speaking of the capture of Santa Anna's carriage and money, says, the writer helped to carry he bags of silver to Gen. Scott's quarters. One the bags of siver to cen. Scott's quarters. One of the bags bursted on setting it down, and the Mexican dollars rolled about the place. The "boys," commenced a regular scramble for them; the sergeant of the guard ordered a charge upon them, but Gen. Scott interfered, and said, let the boys alone; don't hurt them; they have behaved well to-day, and deserve to be rewarded." The dollars were speedily pocketed, but bags containing the gold would not burst, notwithstanding they were pierced by many an anxious eye.

DISTRESSING .- We learn with the deepest pain. that in the early part of last week, the House of a Mr. Butdorff, near Hoguestown in this county, took fire, and such was the rapidity of the flames, that the older members of the family barely escaped with their lives—leaving a young and in-teresting child a prey to this terrible element.— The Barn, with several head of cattle, was also -Carlisle Den

THE TOBACCO CROP .- The Marlboro' (Prince George's County, Md.,) Gazette of yesterday says, that many intelligent planters believe that not more than one third of a crop of tobacco will be grown the present season in that quarter.— The editor, in a ride through 20 miles, judged not one hundred acres of the ground to be prepared for this crop—the high price of wheat, rye, oats and corn, leading the farmers to fill their land

The New Orleans Delta publishes the following toast drank at the dinner, recently given to Col. May in New Orleans:

By Mr. Smith.—The health of one yet in the May of life, Charles May—Last May we dined with him as Captain May—this May he dines with us as Colonel May. May we dine with him next May as General May.

BITTEN BY A MAD DOG.—Mr. Daniel D. Ter-rill, of Newark, N. J., and three of his children, were bitten by a mad dog on Saturday. The Mayor of the city immediately after issued his pro-clamation for the indiscriminate destruction of every dog running at large in the city.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT .- Seth Barton, of Louisiana, to be Charge d'Affaires of the United States to Chili, vice William Crump re-Called at his own request. Ransom H. Gillet, of New York, to be Solicitor of the Treasury, in place of Seth Barton, resigned. Daniel Graham, of Tennessee, to be Register of the Treasury, vice Ransom H. Gillet, resigned.

HEALTH OF SECRETARY WALKER .- It is sta ed that Mr. Secretary Walker has lost so far the use of his powers of speech, from long continued excessive labor, as scarcely to be able to articulate distinctly the shortest expressions.

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING .- The Trenton, N. J. Plaindealer, of Tuesday evening, says: - During the storm yesterday, the house of John D. Hester, in Green street, was struck by lightning. A young woman had the comb in her hair broken; a child at the door was stunned, and a woman in the neighboring yard was prostrated to the ground. None, however, were hurt, and the damage to the building is but trifling.

SAD OCCURRENCE TO AN OFFICER .- The Staunton, Va., Democrat learns by a letter that a sad and melancholy accident has happened to Lt. Patterson, who so distinguished himself at the battle of Monterey. The Lieutenant refused to surrender himself to the officer of the guard, who ordered him to be fired on, and that his leg was terribly shattered. The surgeons were amputa-ting the limb at the time the letter was written.

PRESENTERIAN GENERAL ASSEMBLY .- We

PRESEYTERIAN GENERAL ASSEMBLY.—We learn from the proceedings of this body, in session at Richmond, that the condition of the funds of the assembly is as follows:

For the year ending May 1st, the receipts were \$10,380 80; making, with the balance of \$3,867 49 of the previous year, \$14,248 29. The expenditures during the same year, have amounted to \$13,113 58—leaving a balance of \$1,134 71.

The estimated value of the stocks of the assembly, last year, was \$79,032 88; estimated value now, \$79,887 08; showing an improvement of \$854 20. The income of the general assembly upon the investment of funds, has increased during the year, \$1,422 11.

Specie Going.—The N. O. Delta of the 22d.

Specie Goino.—The N. O. Delta of the 22d, all rery cheep for cash, June 4. THOS. RAWLINS. THOS was shipped in this city for Vera Cruz, by the steamship Massachusetts, on Friday last."

35 SACKS SALT, for sale by June 4. GIBSON & HARRIS.

Mesers. Forross:—As you and many of your readers are doubtless aware, a meeting of the citizens of the neighborhood of Elk Branch, was called early this ppring, for the purpose of devising ways and means to alleviate in part the suffering that was then existing in many parts of Ireland, in consequence of the fallure of the pointo and other crops. It affords me great pleasure to be able to state, that on the 11th of March we had the pleasure of forwarding to Mr. Hugh Jenkins, three hundred and sixty bushels of corn, and on the 18th of May we also had the pleasure of forwarding to the same gentleman, for the same purpose, fifty-six bushels more, which makes in all, four hundred and sixteen bushels, besides forty-two Dollars and thirty-five cents that was invested in barrels to send the corn in. Thirmakes the contribution from the immediate neighborhood of Elk Branch, estimating the corn at what it would now net the contributors, four hundred and fifty-eight dollars and thirty-five cents.

We feel no diffidence in eaving that this is a liberal contribution, and speaks well for the contributors, all of whom no doubt feel proud that they have done nothing more than their duty, and have escaped the remores of conscience which they must have otherwise suffered.

As it is never too late to do good, and as the famine is still existing in Ireland, we are induced to make the above statement that others may see our good works and be constrained to go and do likewise.

June 1, 1847.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE MARKET-From the Baltimore Son of Wednesday.

From the Baltimore Sm of Wednesday.

CATTLE—Sales at 3 to \$4 50 per 100 lbs. on the hoof—equal to 6 a \$8 75 net.

HOGS—Sales at 6 25 a \$6 75—a decline.

FLOUR—The flour market, to-day, was dull, both buyers and sellers being disposed to hold off for the steamer's news, now hourly looked for. Holders of Howard street brands are not willing to take less than \$8 75, at which some small sales have been made. There was a sale this morning of 500 bbls. Susquehanna brands at \$8 62\forall and 250 do at \$3 75. There are but few sellers in the market at the present rates. City Mills is nominally held at \$9. Corn meal held at \$5 25. Rye flour \$6 75. GRAIN—Supply of Wheat small—a sale of 900 bushels Pa. red, not strictly prime, was made this morning at \$198. We quote at 195 a \$3 02 for good to prime.—White wheat would bring? 03 to \$2 12. The market for Corn is very dull. We quote white nominally at 1 a \$102, and yellow at 105 a \$105 cents. Oats 59 a 60 cts.

BACON—Shoulders 74 a 8 cents, Sides 94 a 10 cents and Hams 10 cents.

and Hams 10 cents.

LARD—A sale of 100 kegs at 10 cents—we quote bbis # 91 a 91 cents.
FISH—Sales of No. 1 Shad at \$9, and herrings at \$5 WHISKEY—Sales at 33 a 311 cents per gallon.

TRADE AND MONETARY AFFAIRS. TRADE AND MONETARY AFFAIRS.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK MARKET.—At Philadelphia, on Monday, the Stock market had been less active, and prices fluctuated but little from what they were on that day week. Some of the fancies, Coppers and others are down a little, but the list of sound stocks law's very generally maintained themselves, and some few, indeed, have advanced. The money market was easy, little difficulty being experienced in negotiating loans at the legal rate of interest.

New York Stock Market.—At N. York, on Monday, Sterling Exchanges closed at 107, dull; Francs 5 234 a 5 30. Sales at the Stock Exchange; \$1,500 U. S. 6's, 107; \$16,000 Treasury notes, 1051; \$1,000 Pennsylvania 5's, 774 a 774; 150 shares Canton Company, 37 a 371; 50 do Scrip, 4t; \$10,000 Treasury notes, 1051; \$3,000 Illinois special bonds, 421; 75 shares Canton Company 37; a 371.

Paices of Breadstuffs in Liverpool...—The following were the prices of breadstuffs in Liverpool on the 4th of May, the day on which the Britannia sailed:

Wheat, United State red, 10s 3d a 11s 6d

"white and mixed, 11 0 a 12 2

Indian Corn, white, 50 0 a 53 0

"yellow, 51 0 a 52 0

Flour, canal, 40 0 a 41 0

WINCHESTER	MARKET, JUNE	1, 1817.
	Wagon Price.	Store Pric
Flour, (super fine,)	\$9 20 a 8 30	\$31
Wheat,	170 a 175	0
Corn,	0 75 a 0 80	0
Rye,	0 60 a 0 65	0
Onta,	v 0 33 a 0 35	0
Bacon,	8 00 n 8 50	0
Lard, week and lower	8 00 a 8 50	0
Plaister,	4 50 a 0 00	0
Herrings, No. 1, new,	6 00 n 6 25	. 6
Shad, No. 1, trimmed,	9 50 n 10	9
. " untrimme	d 850 a 0 00	9
G. A. Salt, per buthel,	000 a 000	0
" in sacks,	0 00 n 0 00	2 2
Fine Salt,	0.00 a 0.00	distant 2

DEAMERIED.

In the Methodist Episcopal Church, in Frederick city, Md., by the Rev. John Smith, Mr. Martin Madduux, of Winchester, Va., to Miss Margaret Yugista Bartlett, daughter of Capt. Wm. B. Bartlett, of Frederick

county, Virginia.

On Thursday evening, May 20th, by Rev. J. Few Smith, Mr. Henry V. Willis to Miss Resecta Ann Langley, daughter of Mr. Wm. C. Langley, all of Winchester.

Chester.

On the 23d ult., by the Rev. L. Eichelberger, Dr. ISAAC H. BALDWIN to Miss MARY E. KROKLEY, all of Frederick county.

At Georgetown, D. C., on Thesday, the 18th ult., by the Rev. R. T. Berry, Mr. W. T. COMPTON, of Martinsburg, Va., to Miss MARIA D. B. FRENCH, daughter of the late Geo. French, Esq., of Georgetown.

In Martinsburg, on the 23d ult., by the Rev. John Winter, Mr. PETER COOK to Miss MARTHA GLADDEN. On Tuesday the 11th ult., by the Rev. P. Williard, Mr. Joseph Cooper to Miss Catharine Aslinger, all of Loudoun.

On Tuesday morning June 1st., at the Union Hotel, by the Rev. Norval Wilson, Mr. WM. O. Bond, to Miss SARAH J. BARNES, both of Winchester.

At the same time and place, and by the same, Mr. Braxton Shith of Jefferson County, to Miss Lavinia A. Bond, daughter of Wm. O. Bond of Winchester.

On Taylor's Island, Dorchester county, Md., on the 27th ultimo, Dr. Washington A. Smith, formerly of Virginia, to Miss Jane L. Travers, daughter of Samuel K., Travers, Esq., of the former place.

DIED,

On the 27th ult., after a lingering illness, Mrs. Susan Randolffi Scott, in the 58th year of her age, wife of Robert G. Scott, Esq., of Richmond, and only daughter of the late Bishop Madison, for many years President of William and Mary College.

William and Mary College.

At his residence, in the county of Goodhland, on Wednesday, the 12th day of May, Capt. Josian Leake, in the 77th year of his age.

On the 14th May, near Shepherdstown, in this county, Mr. George Walker, aged about 33 years.

Miscellaneous Notices.

90 The First Quarterly Meeting for this conference year will be held by Divine permission in the Methodisit Episcopal Church at Harpers Ferry, commencing on Saturday the 5th of June next, under the direction of the new P. E., the Rev. Henry Tannica. Other Ministers are expected to be in attendance. May 23.

A meeting of the Members attached to the Lutheran Church, Shepherdstown, will be held at the Church on Saturday afternoon, the 5th of June next, at 2 o'clock. May 28, 1847.

From the Bay State Democrat, Boston, Nov. 4, 1344.

REMEDIES.

There are so many medicines of doubtful character advertised and puffed by the newspapers at the present time, that we should shribk from the task we have now undertaken, were we not most thoroughly constinced, from our own personal knowledge of the facts which we state below.

our own personal knowledge of the facts which we state below.

It is of "Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry" that we would speak advisedly. A lady of our acquaintance, whom we see every day, was a short time since, in what we thought a precarious, if not a dangerous state of health. A cough had settled on her lungs, her form seemed wasting away; she was, obliged to ahandon her work, and we thought, not soon to resume it again. For about two months she has been taking Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry and already has she so far regained her health as to be able to resume her labors.

This is but a single case, but it is one, at least, in which we cannot doubt the efficacy of the medicine.

None genuine, unless signed I. BUTT'S, on the wrapper.

per.

TA fresh supply of the above Ralsam, on hand and for sale by J. H. BEARD, Charlestown.

NOTICE.

HEREBY notify the public, that if any debts are contracted in my name, by any person or persons, that I will not be responsible for them, unless they are contracted by myself.

WILLIAM W. McDANIEL.

Harpers-Ferry, June 4, 1847—3t.

Shoc Makers, Attention ! On hand, a large assortment of Philadelphia finished Ladies Morocco and Kid Skins, Gentlemen's Boof Morocco and Philadelphia Calf skins, also Blue, Pink, Green and Scarlet, lineing skins, all very cheep for cash.

June 4. THOS. RAWLINS.

DOCTOR O. G. MIX.

(LATE OF WASHINGTON CITY, D. C.,) HAVING permanently established himself in Charlestown, proffers his services to the public. He can be found, either day or night, at his office or at Carter's Hotel, unless professionone door from Mr. J. H. Beard's dwelling

Dr Operations on the teeth performed by ap-

FOR SALE:

VERY valuable family of Negroes, consisting of a Woman, about 35 years of age, and
her six children; the oldest of which is about 12,
and the youngest two years. They are offered
sale because the owner has now no further use
for them, and for no fault of theirs. They are
an estimable family of Negroes, and will not
sold to any except a good master, and then not
to be removed from the county. Enquire at
June 4, 1847—3t. THIS OFFICE.

TO THE FARMERS.

THE subscriber will have two of his MACHINES for THRESHING and CLEANING GRAIN, in the County of Jefferson, by the
commencement of the threshing season, this year.
Farmers wishing to employ Machines would do
well to make early application. This Machine
is capable of threshing as much wheat per day as
any other machine in use, and cleans the grain at
the same time. Terms of Threshing—four bushels per hundred of wheat, by miller's receipt.

I will also have in Charlestown, in 8 or 10 days,
one of my one of my

Superior Wheat Reapers.

Those wishing to purchase Wheat Cutters had better examine this complete machine before purchasing, as this is the most perfect machine in the United States. Any person owning or manufacturing Wheat cutting Machines, who doubts this assertion, can have opportunity of testing the utility of the two machines at any place they may aponint during this harvest. All orders they may appoint during this harvest. All orders

promptly attended to.

MATHEW McKEEVER.

A Teacher Wanted. ONE that is capable of teaching the useful and necessary branches of education to young children, would find a school of upwards of twenty scholars, at Halltown, Jefferson County, Va.
June 4, 1847-3t.

Eau Lustral. JUST received, three cases of this universally admired and approved Hair Restorative, free from ardent spirits, pungent essential oil, and other destructive materials. This is the most valuable article ever offered to the public, for the preservation and growth of the Hair. Ladies who wish their hair beautifully bright and soft, will call early

and supply themselves.

June 4, 1847. MILLER & BROTHER. Oil Cloth.

OIL Cloth, and Carpeting for sale by June 4. MILLER & BRO. "Keep it before the People"

THAT I have now on hand the very best aslower prices than they can be had in town, also Starr's celebrated Snuff, and Spanish Cuttings very clieap.
June 4, 1847. THOS. RAWLINS.

Scythes.

JUST opened a large assortment of genuine English and American Grass and Grain Scythes which I will sell at reduced prices.
June 4, 1847. THOS. RAWLINS.

Church Fans.

Church Fans.

A LARGE supply of Palm Fans; also a fresh supply of Ivory and India Fans; many very splendid, for sale by June 4.

MILLER & BRO.

To Persons disposed to work and make Money.

The undersigned were appointed a committee by the Board of Trustees of Charlestown, to receive proposals, and contract for the following work:

To widen the passage for water through the lots occupied by the Rev. A. Jones and others, to the width of 12 feet, (viz: 8 feet clear of the side walls,) to set good locust posts, 7½ feet long, one and a half feet in the ground on each side of said pass, seven feet apart, and so set that the he late Geo. French, Esq., of George Wall.

In Hedgesville, on Wednesday the 19th ult., by the Rev. John Winter, Mr. Farderick Karglow to Miss Soriiia Westennaver.

Soriiia Westennaver. posts not being less than four inches through a the top. To put up a dry wall on each side of said pass 3 feet high, including the foundation, which must be 6 inches below the bottom of the ditch or pass-way, two feet thick at bottom, and battered off to 20 inches at top; the wall to be of good white oak railing 3 inches by 11 inches thick, 14 feet long, so as to reach three posts, to be used for the fence on the wall, which is to be made of oak plank about 6 inches wide and 3 feet high. put up with 4 nails to each plank. The ditch o pass is about 16 rods long. Sealed proposals can be handed to either of the Committee for completng the work, as above described, by the Rod. clearing away all refuse materials from the pass and what allowance will be made for the stone now on the ground, until Saturday the 5th day of

June next. Persons wishing to view the premises will call on either of the subscribers.

WM. F. LOCK,

WM. S. LOCK, ADAM WHIP,

May 28, 1847.

School on the Island of Virginius. HENRIETTA E. BRISCOE respectfully informs the public that she will, on the 31s day of May, 1847, re-open her infant School on the Island of Virginius. Parents and others who may place children under her instruction, may rest assured that every endeavor on her part, wil be exerted to advance the pupils and to give satisfaction to those interested. All persons desirons of knowing the progress of those heretofore placed under her charge, are referred by her, without fear, to her former patrons. Her warmest thanks are returned to the public and her friends for the patronage heretofore extended to her efforts. Harpers-Ferry, May 28, 1847—3t.

I. O. O. F. JUST received by Chas. G. Stewart & Son, a large assortment of Odd Fellows' Regalia, which they will sell at Baltimore prices for cash and cash only. Also, Breast Pins representing every emblem in the Order. They will charge you nothing for looking—come then and see for yourselves.

EATHER—Sole, Upper and Calf skins for sale. Hides and skins taken in exchange for Leather or other Goods. WM. R. SEEVERS. Summit Point, May 28, 1847.

C ASTINGS—Hollow Ware, McCurmick's Mould Boards, Wagon boxes, &c., for sale by May 28. WM. R. SEEVERS. HATS, HATS—We have just received one case of extra firm HATS—entirely new style. May 28. GIBSON & HARRIS.

TOBACCO & CIGARS—Always on hand, extra brands, GIBSON & HARRIS. May 28, 1847.

FAMILY FLOUR—A few bbls. White Wheat Family Flour, for sale by Muy 28. WM. R. SEEVERS.

FRESH MACCARONI, for sale by KEYES & KEARSLEY. DRIED PEACHES—Very nice, for sale by May 28: GIBSON & HARRIS.

50 PIECES CALICOES at GIBSON & HARRIS.

RICHARD PARKER,

ATTOMISTER AT LAW!
AS resigned the office of Paymaster of th
U. S. Armory at Hurpers-Ferry, and where devate himself exclusively to his profe sion.

He will attend the several Courts of Jefferson, Clarke, Frederick, Hampshire and Morgan.

Charlestown, May 28, 1847—3m.

SAMUEL MIRK & SON, GOLD & SILVERSMITHS.

GOLD & SILVIERS MITTERS,

172 Baltimore Street, Baltimore,

AVE just received in addition to their large stock of Silver Ware of their own manufacture, a beautiful assortment of new patterns Plated Castors, Baskets, Candlesticks, Waiters, (all sizes) Butter Coolers, Sugar Baskets, Snuffers, Trays, Asparagus Tongs, Nut Cracks and Nut Picks. Plated or Steel Fruit Knives, Rogers' Steel Table and Desert Knives, Scissors, Pen-Knives, &c., &c. All the above articles are imported direct from the manufacturers and can be sold upon very moderate terms.

We have also received a neat assortment of fashionable Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gold Leaver and Lepine Watches, and are continually adding to our stock every thing new and pretty in the Jewelry and Fancy Goods line.

May 28, 1847—8t.

Administrator's Saic.

WILL he sold at Pablic Sale on FRIDAY
the 11th day of June next, at the late residence of Conrad Billmyer, dec'd, on the road
leading from Shepherdstown to Martinsburg, the
following property, to wit:
1 Horse and I Colt;
8 head of Cattle and a lot of Sheep and Hogs;
1 Waron, Ploughs and Harrows;

S head of Cattle and a lot of Sneep and Hogs;

1 Wagon, Ploughs and Harrows;

1 Wheat Fan and I Wheat Roller;

A lot of Corn in the crib;

75 Acres of Wheat and 35 Acres of Corn in the

ground.

Also—A large lot of Lumber, consisting of a Frame for a Building, Oak Scantling and Fencing Plank, a lot of Walnut Plank.

ALSO—The entire Stock, Machinery, &c.;

Pertaining to the Factory, among which are 2 Carding and 1 Picking Machine; 1 Spinning and 1 Twisting Machine; 2 broad and 3 narrow Looms, with Tackling com-

plete; 1 broad Shearing Machine; 1 Press Stove and Plates; 1 Press Screw and Press Papers;

1 Warping Mill;
2 Ten-plate Stoves and Pipe;
2 Dye Kettles and 1 Blue Vat. ALSO-A large Stock of Goods;

Such as Linseys, Flannels and Blankets, together with a quantity of Wool and other materials on hand, Dye-stuffs, &c.

I will also hire a Negro man and boy until the 25th of December next.

Terms.—A credit of six months will be given on all sums of five dollars and upwards, the pur-chaser giving bond and approved security—for all sums under five dollars the cash will be required. Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M. SOLOMON BILLMYER,

JOHN A. VORHEES, Adm'rs with the will annexed

May 28, 1847—ts,

SHERIFF'S SALE BY virtue of sundry Executions in my hands, which have been duly levied, I will sell at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, on MONDAY the 21st day of June 1847, at the Tavern of Thos. W. Reynolds, in Berryville, county of Clarke, State of Virginia, all the personal property of the said Thomas W. Reynolds, which has been seized and taken by me to satify executions in my hands as aforesaid.

for P. Smith, Sheriff of Clarke county. May 28, 1847.

The necessity for the above sale has been partly produced by my indulgence. It is therefore hoped, and confidently expected, that those who know themselves indebted to me will come forward without delay and settle up. The above sale is made with my consent. I respectfully ask my friends, and all others who may desire to purchase Household. Furniture of every description. chase Household Furniture of every descript chase Household Furniture of every description, and all of the best kind, and Farming Utensils, to attend said sale; and I shall at the same time and place, offer for sale the Tavern property now occupied by me in Berryville. To those who know the property and wish to engage in the business. I need not say any thing. To those who do not know the property, I will only say that it is situated in Berryville, the County Seat of Clarke, which is one of the richest counties in Virginia, and is the great thoroughfare from Washington and is the great thoroughfare from Washington city to the Ohio river, with a good Turnpike road the whole way through. The House is large and in good order, and usually has from fifteen to twenty Boarders, a good transient custom, and on public days a crowded table and Bar room. There is Stabling for eighty horses, and water at the door. The Lot contains two acres of land, and is conveniently divided into three well improposite. conveniently divided into three well improved Gardens. In addition to other inducements inviting an enterprising man to purchase, a credit of six years will be given for the entire purchase money. THOS. W. REYNOLDS.

money. THUS. W Berryville, May 28, 1847. The Free Press, Winchester Virginian and Republican, Baltimore Sun and Clipper, (every other day,) the Lancaster Tribune and Carlisle Volunteer, are requested to publish the above advertisement until the day of sale, and forward accounts to the Spirit of Jefferson Office, Charleston, town, for collection.

Corn Wanted.

THE subscriber will buy any quantity of Corn, for which he will pay the highest market price either in trade or cash. Summit Point, WM. R. SEEVERS.

McCormick Wheat Reaper. THE subscribers hereby inform those who are disposed to use that valuable machine, that they will have 20 of them in complete order for the next harvest? They will be sold at our shop for \$103,25 cash, or \$105, 90 days credit—and will be delivered to any responsible person ordering a machine, at the actual cost of transportation, which must be paid at the time of delivery.

JAMES M. HITE & SONS.

White Post, Clarke Co., May 14, 1847—5t.

Fresh Groceries.

I THINK I can rival any one in selling cheap Groceries, such as N. O. Brown, Loaf and Pulverized Sugar, Old government Java, Rio and St. Domingo Coffice, Gun Powder, Imperial, Hyson, and Superior Black Teas, best N. O. and Sugar-house Molasses, Superior English Dairy, Cheese, Rice, Salaratus, Cloves, Nutmens, Mace, Solar Oil for Lamps in the summer, Whale Oil, and almost every thing in the grocery line, just received by May 21, 1847. Fresh Groceries.

BRUSHES.—Just opened a large assortment of very superior White-wash and Painf-Brushes, Counter, Hearth, Whisp, Shoe, Cloth, Tooth and Hair Brushes.

May 21, 1847.

THOS. RAWLINS.

Forgive and forget! there's no breast so unfeeling,
But that some gentle thoughts of affection there live
And the best of us all require something concealing—
Some heart that with smiles can forget and forgive!
Then away with the cloud from those beautiful eyes,
That brow was no home for such frowns to have me!
Oh! how could your spirits e'or hope for the skies,
If Heaven refused to forgive and forget!

COMIC SONG FOR YOUNG LADIES.

And do you really want, manma,
To know my lover's mamma,
It is too bad of you, mamma,
Indeed it's quite a slame.
His name begins with W,
The second letter's A;

The next to that is L., mamma,
And then, mamma, comes K.
And after K comes F, mamma,
There is yet one letter; well,
Letter the last is R, mamma,
That's all I have to tell.

SINGULAR IF TRUE AND CAPITAL IF NOT TRUE The following from the "Cincinnati Morning Herald," takes the shine off of anything in the local item" line we have seen for many a day

It is rich, decidedly:

As a gentleman was passing along Fifth street he passed a place where some boys were playing marbles. One of them, in shooting his marble, cleverly put it under the gentleman's foot. The gentleman slipped and stumbled against a lady, also passing, precipitating her along with him-self, upon a large hog who was examining the gutter geologically for debris. The hog frighten-ed out of his propriety, bolted off, and ran between the legs of another gentleman, who in falling, drew the string of a kite from the hands of a boy. The kite of course fell, and in falling frightene a span of horses attached to a wagon in an alley

The horses ran down the alley. A man who was building a fire in a carpenter shop, by which they passed started up to see what was the matter, and in so doing, dropped his lighted match among the shavings. A fire was the consequence. The engines assembled and in the hurry consequen upon the alarm, a man len in the track of old the on the alarm, a man fell in the track of one of budget of accidents for the day.

Quere—Is the boy who shot the marble respon-

sible for all the consequent damages?

Yankee Blade.

A lawyer in a circuit town, in Ireland, dropped a ten pound note under the table, while playing cards at the inn. He did not discover his loss until he was going to bed, but then returned im-mediately. On reaching the room, he was met by the waiter, who said: "I know what you want sir; you have lost

something."
"Yes I have lost a ten pound note."

"Well sir, I have found it, and here it is."

"Thanks, my good lad; here is a sovereign for you."
"No, sir, I want no reward for being honest;
"No, sir, I want no reward for being honest; but, looking at him with a knowing grin, "wasn' it lucky that none of the gentlemen found it?"

An Irishman, being about to join a company in Lawrenceburg, Ind., forming to go South, was questioned by one of the officers: "Well, when you get into battle, will you fight or run?" "An' faith," replied the Hibernian, "I'll be after doin' as a majority uv ye does."

A CHILD'S REASON FOR SHUNNING HEAVEN. -A clergyman who could better preach of pa-tience than practice it, was always irritated when he found his grandchildren in his study. One day one of these little children was standing by his mother's side, and she was speaking to him of

after it, is to own up like a man; "confess the commendation for Virginia to complete the monument already commenced, and long since suspended, to the memory of Mrs. Washington."

following:
The Strange Young Lady.—It is now going

out the cditor's paragraph stating that
"A young lady, whose name he has not been
able to ascertain; came into his dwelling two days before and has since remained with his family. She has not spoken a word since her arrival, but

she weeps almost incessantly. Six weeks after publishing the above, our wag-gish brother relieves public anxiety by this ad-

"We have since found out her name, and can guess pretty well "where she came from." Miss Lucy Hannah is a bouncing girl, and when she gets a little older will call us father."

VERMONT DEBATES.—Is pumpkin pize poison, or am they holesum vittals 7 Decided in the ne-

You who are eating the apple-dumplings and molasses of wealth should not forget those are sucking the herring-bone of poverty.

" I knows well enough," said a fellow " where fresh fish comes from-but where they catch these 'ere satt fish, Fill be hanged if I can tell."

'Sam, why is de dandies in Broadway like 'Oh, I gims dat up, Joe, widout winken.'

"Well den its bekase day run from de sight ob

" Taylor, ' Ha, ha, Joe, dat mortalizes you!

What weapon does a young lady resemble whose acquaintance pass her without noticing her? A cut-lass.

The Knickerbecker for March perpetrates the

"Why are we led to infer that David and Josh wa were intemperate men? Because David, when he went out to meet Goliah, on the field of honor,' took a sling;' and Joshua, previous to his attack on the walls of Jericho, 'took a horn,' and gave 'a regular blow out !"

Beantiful is the love of a sister; the kiss that hath no guile, and no passion; the touch is purity and bringeth peace; satisfaction to the heart, and no fever to the pulse. Beautiful is the love of a sister, it is moonlight on our path—it has light but no heat; it is of heaven, and sheds its peace upon the earth.

REQUISITES FOR GOING TO LAW .-- A irse, a good cause, a good attorney, a good coun-l, a good evidence, a good jury and good luck!

THE LORELY TAPER .- There has always been The Lonelly Taper.—There has always been to me something inexpressibly touching in the single taper burning through the long and lonely hour of silence and sleep. It must mark some weary vigal; one, perhaps, by the sick couch; where rests the pale face on which we dread every moment to look our last. How the very heart suspends its beating in the hushed stillness of the sick chambers! What a history of hopes, fears and cares, are in its hours! feare and cares, are in its hours!

Miscellaneous.

PERSEVERANCE.

Of all men, give us the thorough go-ahead Anglo Saxon whom no difficulties can subdue, no failure dishearten. It is the mark of a weak mind to despair. Had Wellington at Waterloo, or Taylor at Buena Vista, fallen back, as many other commanders would have done, the day would have been lost; but they had that indomitable perseverance so characteristic of the true Anglo Saxon, and keeping their ground, won victory. severance so characteristic of the true Anglo Saxon, and keeping their ground, won victory.—
"Hard pounding this," said Wellington, as he threw himself into a square to escape the charge of the French Cuirassiers, "hard pounding, this, but we will see who can pound the longest."—
"Fall back—never, never," exclaimed General Tayloy, when, as the column of Mexicans, five thousand strong came on, it was proposed that the artillery take a new position, "never! but give them a little grape Capt. Bragg." In these heroic words we see the secret of success on the part of both of these great commanders. So, in ordinary both of these great commanders. So, in ordinary life, it is the man of dogged resolution who wins the day. One of our wealthiest merchants was once so surrounded with difficultties, from which he saw no escape, that at one time he contemplated insolvency, and had his high spirit qualled an instant, he would have gone down to irretrievable ruin; but he kept a firm front, rallied all his reources, and went through the terrible crisis with flying colors. Never despair, young man!— There is always hope. Weak men are subdued by occasions, says a celebrated writer, but great men conquer them. Memorable words! may say of life what Byron said of liberty: "For Freedom's battles once begun,
Bequeathed from bleeding sire to son,
Though battled oft is ever won.

[Neal's Gazotte.

Harriness.—All other blessings in the world re incomplete without content. With it, we are are incomplete without content. With it, we are happy; without it, we can never be. And contentment is one of the easiest attainments in life. It depends only on the actual enjoyment of what we have, without acquiring that which we have not. But we all of us have our separate desires. When we gratify them, we express our satisfaction, when they are absent, we sigh for them, and all the while we over-estimate the value of those phicate and content of the same of the sam objects, and never consider the paralysing influence which they exercise over our happiness.—
Regardless of what lies in our own hands, we grasp at an object; perhaps it is difficult to reach; but we attain it, when we do so, we let it go—only to pursue some other. Thus we make our lives an endless chase after shadows; and thus are we ever running after new means—neglecting to use those we have already mastered. And our end is those we have already mastered. And out end to happiness! that frequent and familiar terms o little understood. Yes, all this excessive vehemence the understood. Yes, all this excessive vehemence below without it in the house.

DAVID REINHART. of objects; proceeds from the ignorant apprehension that we cannot secure happiness by too many methods. But a few—a very few, dexterously managed—are sufficient. Where contentment dwells there happiness dwells also; oftener in the dwells there happiness dwells also; oftener in the cd I feel it my duty to offer you my name as a tescottage than in the palace—more frequently with timony to the good effects of your Drs. Dresbach, toil and hardship than with luxuries and refine- Kuhn and Pryor's Dyspeptic Cordial. ments-by so many deemed the surest way and abode with evenness of disposition and of mind .-Those who are surrounded with abilities and stir-

home. THE GRAVE OF WASHINGTON'S MOTHER .- A correspondent of the National Intelligence writing

red on by excitements to gratify their passions,

are many removes from happiness. We ramble far abroad to find that which lies concealed at

from Baltimore says:

"While perambulating in the suburbs of Fredewhile permission in the submission reactives and unfinished condition of the monument erected over the tomb of the Mother of Washington. It heaven: 'Ma, said he, 'I don't want to go to heaven, my son!'
'No, ma, I'm sure I don't.' 'Why not my son?'
'Why, grandpa will be there, won't he?' 'Why, yes, I hope he will.' 'Well, just as soon as he sees us, he will come scolding along, and say, Whew, whew, what are these boys here for!. 'I mount if yes, I hope to be there.' 'I mount if grandpa is going to be there.'

stande there isolated and unfinished, for the want of probably fifteen hundred or two thousand dollars to accomplish its completion. There is a kind of holy inspiration that steals over the beholder while standing by this hallowed spot and contemplating the history and exalted character of her who sleeps within its confines. And is this, I involuntarily exclaimed, the burial place of the don't want to go to heaven if grandpa is going to be there.' stands there isolated and unfinished, for the want in which this illustrious mother of the great Fa-Taken in and Done for.—It is bad to be handsomely hoaxed—makes one feel silly, and a little vexed—but the way to make all right again

TRUE STAR .- There is one star that will never on eight years since we, then mere boys, began to use the scissors; but though inexperienced in the ways of the world, we havn't been often hoaxdisappoint the hopes it awakens; its rays are need—nor should we have been "sucked in" by the
Hickman (Ky.) Standard, had it not been for a
very bad head-actic on the morning of cutting
out the colitor's paragraph stating that den into tears, the countenance that it lights, sorrow can never overcast. The foot-step that falls in its radiance finds no gloom even at the portal of the grave. It is the star-"First in night's Diadem,

The Star, the Star of Bethlehem.'

A WORD TO YOUNG MEN .- Wishing and sighing, imagining and dreaming of greatness, said William Wirt, will never make you great. But cannot a young man command his energies— Read Foster on decision of character. That book will tell you what is in your power to accomplish. You must gird up your loins and go to work with all the indomitable energy of Hannibal scaling the Alps. It is your duty to make the most of your talents, time and opportunities.
Alfred, King of England, though he performed

more business than any of his subjects, found time

time to dive to the depth of philosophy, and ex-plored an untrodden path of science. DISGRACEFUL .- Two negroes being about to be hang in the jail yard in Goochland county, Va., last Friday, for the murder of a boy, a large crowd who had assembled forced the sheriff to gratify their curiosity by moving the gallows to a more public place. They threatened to tear down the jail if their wish was not complied with.

FARMER'S BANK OF ALEXANDRIA,-The stockholders of the Farmer's Bank of Virginia, says the Richmond Republican, of Wednesday, yesterday determined to establish a branch at Alexandria, under a law of the last session of the Legislature, and have agreed to unite with parent institutions the assets of the Bank of Potomac. The branch of Alexandria will have a capital of five hundred thousand dollars, and, under the management of its prudent and sagacious president, Phineas Janey, and his excellent board of directors, will, under its auspices, do a very safe and profitable busi-

Mechanics Look to Your Interest! JUST received a large additional assortment of Tools of every description, such as Broad, Hand and Board Axes, Adzes, Hatchets, Drawing Knives, (Kidd's.) Rasps, Files, Braces and Bitts, Spirit Levels, Masons and Plasterers Trowels, Hand and Tennon Saws, Hammers, Mallets, Fen-ner and socket Chisels, Screw Drivers, Gages, Extra Plane Bitts, Coopers Patent Crows, Turning Gouges and Chisels, Shoe Hammers, Patent Awls and Hafts, Shoemakers Kit, &c., &c., all of which I will sell on the most accommodating terms at reduced prices. THOS. RAWLINS.

Cheap Looking Glasses. E have a few Mahogany framed Looking Glasses, suitable for Chambers, which we May 14, C. G. SPEWART & SON.

Drs. Dresbach, Kuhn & Pryor's DYSPEPTIC CORDIAL.

INTERESTING TO MOTHERS. MR. C. HERSTONS:—A child of mine a few weeks old was much afflicted with choic and pain as infants frequently are—and consequently became very restless, we commenced the use of your cordial, its effects were soon apparent in the case and quiet which succeeded. The child soon became very floshy, and has continued to grow rapidly ever since, it is now past one year old.—If attacked by choic, which has not been for some time, a dose of the cordial invariably gives relief. Yours, Respectfully, Yours, Respectfully, JOHN McCOLLUM.

Liberty District, Frederick Co., Md., August 5, 1846.

Mr. C. Henstons:—My infant baby for about, six weeks from its birth was much afflicted with Cholic. The attacks were so often repeated, and the sufferings of the child so distressing, that as parents our feelings were sensibly alive on the occasion. We had tried many things but all conditions of the child so a wait recommended Drs. occasion. We had tried many things but all failed until a friend on a visit recommended Drs. Dresbach, Kuhn and Pryor's Dyspeptic Cordial.—
The first dose gave relief in a few minutes, the child from that period began recovering, and by occasionally using the cordial was perfectly restored to health.

SAMUEL, URNER.

SICK HEADACHE.

Bush Creck Mill, near N. Market; Frederick Co., Md., September 17th, 1846. Ma. C. Henstons:—Drs. Dresbach, Kuhn & Pryor's Dyspertic Cordial, recommended likewise for sick headache, and other diseases of the stomach, has proved of great benefit to me and my family. For eighteen months before taking this medicine, I suffered much from violent sick head-ache. Having frequently to ride on horseback to another mill, about four miles off in my employ, my head-ache on such occasions was very severe. But to the medicine:—I commenced taking it according to directions, the first two doses gave immediate relief—the attacks soon became less frequent, and on an attentive use of the medicine has so far subsided, that I seldom have it for months together-it is pleasing to say that this cordial never has failed to have the de-

My wife likewise suffered greatly from the same complaint—in addition to which she had a serious and distressing pain in her breast—the cordial has entirely relieved her of the pain in her breast, which pain was quite alarming—her headache has subsided in the same manner as my own.— We have often given it to the children, who like other children are subject to griping pains, &c., &c. We have used several bottles of it. The medicine stands so high in our estimation we are

Mechanicstown, Frederick County,

Md., Sept. 30, 1846.

Ma. C. Henstons:—As a friend to the afflict-

I have for the last two years been suffering with what some call Liver Complaint, others, means to live happy and satisfied. On a user of delights! oh, unsatisfactory pleasures: Happi-delights! oh, unsatisfactory pleasures: Happi-ness, soft amiable, full of virtues and good humour, take a drink of cold water, or eat any thing but very light diet, and even that at times would lay very light diet, and even that at times would lay on my stomach occasioning much misery. During this time I had taken many things recommended, but none of them did any good. Happening to be a juryman at Frederick court one of the jury had got a bottle—I asked him to let me try it, he did so, and I found it was the very thing I wanted.

I got it commenced with the very thing I wanted. I got it, commenced using it according to directions—to my great satisfaction after taking three doses of the cordial I was so fully satisfied of its good effects, I continued the medicine until I had used several bottles-and can now say I am entirely relieved of this distressing complaint. My wife has likewise taken it, who has been also per feetly restored. I believe this Dyspeptic Cordial to be all that it is recommended to be.

Yours respectfully, SAMUEL HEARD.

Mechanicstown, Frederick County,

Md., September 30, 1846.

From the Proprietor of the Falling Factory.
I was for many years afflicted with cramp cholic and dyspepsia, so that I was unable many times to attend to my business. I have used five bottles of your Dyspeptic Cordial and am perfectly relieved—I had likewise during the time a severe lieved—I had likewise during the time a severe attack of Rhaumatism in one of my arms, and attack of Rhaumati

INTERESTING CASES OF CRAMP CHOLIC.

Cholics are always distressing sometimes fatal, an article that has proved in so many instances successful as Drs. Dresbach, Kuhn and Pryors Dyspeptic Cordial has done, certainly ought to e made public.

The proprietor has no hesitation in saying that he never heard of any thing acting so promptly in giving relief. The following cases are

amongst others confirming the statement. Near Nottingham, Prince Georges Co. Maryland, July 4, 1844. Mr. C. Heastons:—Six—One day last week

in my harvest field one of my hands was seized in a violent manner, believed to be cramp cholic, and became convulsed in his entire systemhands, fingers, toes, &c., contracted and all his limbs distorted in an unnatural way. Eight men were employed in rubbing his hands and legsusing whiskey in the act—and bathing his face and temples with liquor. For two hours or more the process was continued without any abatement in the disease, the man during the time screaming with agony. I then sent a boy to Mr. J. E. Hollyday's about a mile off, to try if anything could be got there to afford relief. They sent me shout two spoonsfuls of your medicine, named Drs. Dresbach, Kuhn and Pryor's Dyspeptic Cordial. His extremities had by this time become quite cold—the pulse had ceased to beat—indeed 1 did not think he could live ten minutes :- such an object I never before witnessed. During the paroxism large knots would run up and down his legs-men rubbing him constantly. I now com-menced giving about one third of the Dyspeptic Cordial-soon after which I thought I perceived some change for the better; in ten or fifteen minntes I gave the same quantity of the medicine, and found his pulse had somewhat returned. I then gave the balance of the cordial at about the same interval; soon after taking the last portion he was entirely relieved of the spasm —the diseas was now conquered and a state of ease ensued. The contortion he was thrown into made him quite sore in his body and limbs. We continued the rubbing process some time after the spasm

ceased. Dr. Skinner arrived some time after the last dose of the cordial had been given, and after the spasms had subsided, the man was now relieved and lying before him—on hearing the whole state-ment of the case very candidly said the cordial had saved his life. Dr. Maccubbin came soon after Dr. S. and his opinion coincided on the sub-ject with him. I think it a duty to the public to make this circumstance known.
MICHAEL B. CARROLL.

Doctors Dresbach, Kuhn & Pryor Dyspeptic Cordial, For Dyspepsia, Sick Head-Ache, Sick-Stomach

Crump Cholic, Rheumatism, de., de. Among hundreds of certificates, it is deemed necessary only to offer the following:

necessary only to other the tohowing:

From D. W. Naill, former member of the Legislature of Maryland.

Sams Creek, Frederick Co., Md., Aug. 26, 1842.

Mr. C. Herstons:—Dear Sir—Having suffered much during the spring of 1841 as I then informed you, with what I regarded as a dyspertic condition of the stomach, and having procured a bottle of Drs. Dresbach, Kuhn & Pryors' Dyspeptic Cordial at your instance, I have pleasure

ure in informing you that from its use I was in ten days entirely relieved on that occasion. It has also been successfully used in the family for other purposes so that we are never without it.

Hon. D. W. NAILL,

Senator of Maryland.

Washington, Nov. 23, 1844.

Mr. C. Herstons:—Dyspepsia—This disease I had for some years to an alarming degree. Your Dyspeptic Cordial deserves more than a passing notice from me. My case was of the most distressing nature, and the conflict between my stomach and food was often severe, the stomach loathing the food, and time after time throwing, it up—frequently with pain. Add to this greatly depressed spirits, with debility, nerves weakened, restless nights, frequent starting with unpleasant dreams. To describe my situation is difficult.—Physicians were consulted, various medicines tried, but nothing met my case until I met with your Ohio medicine, named Drs. Dresbach, Kuhn and Pryor's Dyspeptic Cordial. Soon after using it my disordered stomach became soothed. I continued the medicine—a perfect cure has been effected—my health is now good and has been for more than a year. I can now use any article of diet without any inconvenience. In my case this WASHINGTON, Nov. 23, 1844. diet without any inconvenience. In my case this valuable medicine is incontestible. My case is well known to the Rev. Jas. M. Hanson, having been associated with him, in the same room, for some years in the General Post Office.

WM. S. DAKKELL.

I am fully convinced that the above statement is correct.

JAS. M. HANSON.

For sale by

J. P. BROWN, Ag't,

Charlestown.

THOMAS THOMAS,

Halltown.

May 28, 1847-6m.

FURNITURE DEPOT At Harpers-Ferry. THE undersigned has the pleasure to announce to the public that he has for sale, a large as-

BEAUTIFUL FURNITURE. Such as Sofas, Bureaus, Tables, Chairs, Mattresses, Bedsteads, Looking Glasses, &c. all of which he will sell at very reduced prices. These articles are manufactured in Alexandria, of the best machinery, and under such favorable circumstances as enables him to assure the public that they are better and handsomer, and will be sold cheap

er, than any made in this quarter of the country.

Those who have been in the habit of supplying themselves from the Alexandria establishment, are particularly invited to call and see the articles now offered.

Call and examine before you purchase elsewhere.

UNDERTAKING, and Repairing of all kinds of Furniture, attended to promptly.

JOHN R. ZIMMERMAN.

Harpers-Ferry, April 30, 1847—6m.

Latest News from Mexico! SPRING FASHIONS.

J. H. KINNINGHAM respectfully congratuupon the recent glorious victories of the American Arms in Mexico, and at the same time assures hem of the fact that he has received the SPRING FASHIONS with full explanations and directions and is prepared to cut and make up all kinds of

The public's humble servant,
J. H. KINNINGHAM.
N. B. All kinds of country produce taken in
payment for work at market prices. J. H. K.
Charlestown, April 2, 1847—3m.

FURNITURE, FURNITURE.



Mr. John G. Wilson's to the lower room of the Stone Building, three doors west of A. Holland the Blue Ridge and North Mountains, and is very & Co.'s store, where he intends keeping on hand an assortment of all descriptions, made in the most workman-like manner, which he is deter-Valley of Virginia. He would respectfully invite persons in want of Furniture, to call before purchasing elsewhere, as he flatters him the produce raised upon the farm can be easily chasing elsewhere, as he flatters himself the style

and quality cannot fail to please.

Any article sold by me, or my Agent, Mr. A.

Holland, is warranted what it is represented to be when sold. Harpers-Ferry, April 2, 1847-tf.

LAND FOR SALE.

HAVE several fine TRACTS OF LAND in this county and in Berkeley, for sale at low prices and on most accommodating payments.

H. ST. G. TUCKER. H. ST. G. T. Hazelfield, Jefferson county, Va., Sept. 25, 1846—tf. [F. P. copy. \

JEFFERSON BOOT AND SHOE



Collars; Coach and Buggy Harness, Brass, Silver and Japanned Mountings, Carpet Bags, Valices, patrons and the public generally, that he has recently received A LARGE AND CAREFULLY SELECTED STOCK OF GOODS belonging to his department. He would call attention particularly to his assortment of Morocco and Calf Boots,

Morocco and Calf Boots,

Kip and Coarse, do. Men's Morocco, Calf and Cordovan Shoes, Clay, Jefferson and Monroc,

Gaiters, Slippers, &c. &c.,
Boys' Boots and Shoes;
Morocco, Kip and Leather Shoes;
Ladies' Morocco, Kip, Leather and Lasting
walking Shoes; Do , do Slippers, Point Isabel, do. Misses' Boots, Buckskin and walking Shoes,

Slippers and ancle ties, great variety; Children's Boots, Buckskin, Polka, Walking, ancle and strap Shoes of all colors and prices, Servants Boots and Shoes, extra quality, very

large assortment. Lasts of the latest style for Ladies and Gentlemen, together with an extensive supply of materials of the best quality, which he pledges himself to have made up to order in the most durable and tasteful style. All orders shall be executed with despatch, and warranted to give satisfaction, as he has in his shop, the best workmen in every branch of his business.

JAMES McDANIEL, Agent. Charlestown, April 16, 1847.

Blank Forms.

JUST printed, and for sale at this office, Deeds of Bargain and Sale, Deeds of Trust, Declarations, Forthcoming Bonds, Summonses and Executions, Promissory Notes, &c. &c.

SHOE BLACKING .- Muson's superior Chal-

AGENTS.

WM. J. STEPHENS, Harpers-Ferry;
John G. Wilson,
Solomon Stalky, Shepherdstown;
H. B. Miller, Elle Branch;
John Cook, Zion Chuch;
WM. Ronemous of John Hess, Union School House;
George E. Moore, Old Furnace;
John H. Smith of J. R. Redman, Smithfield;
Edwin A. Relly, Summit Point;
Jacon Isler of J. M. Nicklin, Herryville;
WM. Timberlake, Dr. J. J. Janney, of J. O. Coyle,
Brucetown, Frederick County;
Henry F. Baker, Winchester;
Col. Wm. Harmison, Bath, Morgan County;
Join H. Likens, Martinsburg;
George W. Bradyleld, Smickersville;
J. P. Megeath, Philomont, Loudoun county;
WM. A. Stephenson, Upperville, Fauquier county;
Silab Marmaduke, Hillsborough, Loudoun county;
George Glebert, Romney, Hampshire county;

AGENCY.

V. B. PALMER, whose offices are S. E. corner of Balti more and Calvert streets, Baltimone; N. W. corner Third and Chesnut streets, Philadelphia; Tribune Buildings, New York, and No. 12 State Street, Bostron, is the agent in those cities for the "Spirit of Jepperson." He will receive and forward promptly, Subscriptions Advertisements, &c., and is fully authorized to receive payment for the same.

ROCK COTTAGE FOR SALE. THE heirs of the late Sarah Clark being de-sirous of going West, offer for sale the Farm on which they now reside, containing

110 Acres, 3 Roods and 32 Poles. by accurate survey. As regards locality and fertility of soil, it is not to be excelled by any in the county of Jefferson, and perhaps no farm in the State is similarly situated in regard to water facilities. The fields are watered by running streams through each—there is a good Saw-mill on it, and in addition to this, there is fall sufficient for a flouring mill, woollen factory, distillery, or any kind of machinery that capitalists may desire. The stream is sufficiently strong at all seasons to turn any or cles are manufactured in Alexandria, of the best all of the above mentioned works, and to any permaterials, and in the best manner, with the aid of son desirous of investing capital in a small landed estate a favorable opportunity is offered. The Charlestown. Letters addressed to B. F. CLARK at the above named place, will receive attention.

March 5, 1847-3m. IT Lancaster Tribune is requested to copy three months for \$500, and send one copy of the paper to advertiser and the bill to this office for collection.

LAW NOTICE.

A. J. O'BANNON,

AS removed his office to the one lately occupied by Lucas & Washington cupied by Lucas & Washington, over the east end of the Market house. Business entrusted to him in this or the adjoining counties, will, as heretofore, receive prompt and efficient attention. Charlestown, March 19, 1847—3m.

SAPPINGTON'S

THREE-STORY BRICK 题の智思压。 WHITE PORTICO IN FRONT, CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA.

Valuable Jefferson Land for Sale.

TIE subscriber being desirous of removing to the South, offers for sale his Valuable Landed Estate.

situated three miles North West of Charlestown (the seat of Justice for Jefferson county, Va., within half a mile of the Winchester and Potomac Railroad, and the Smithfield and Harpers-Ferry Turnpike, and also within four Miles of Kerney's

Depot, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, Containing 600 Acres.

The Impromements consist of a commodious BRICK. DWELLING HOUSE, containing eleven rooms. The Outbuildings consist of a Smoke-house,

Negro Houses, Stabling, &c. There is a great variety of TLUET ZOLCED growing and yielding upon the Estate

besides every variety of Ornamental Trees grow-The Dwelling commands a beautiful view of

This land can be divided into two farms, giving

both wood and water to each. The subscriber respectfully invites a call from those desirous of purchasing land, as he is pre-pared to accept a price that would make the pur-chase a valuable investment, even as a specula-tion, to any disposed to engage in such an enterprise. To a gentleman of fortune, who desires a country residence, an opportunity is now offered

rarely to be met with.

WM. T. WASHINGTON.

Near Charlestown, Jefferson Co., Va.,
December 18, 1846.

Saddle and Harness Manufactory.

THE undersigned, thankful for past favors, takes this method to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made arrangements to be supplied with the best of Baltimore Leather, for the manufacture of all articles in his line. He will make to order and keep constantly on hand, Saddles of all kinds; Trunks large and small, of the most approved patterns; Wagon and Carriage Collars; Coach and Buggy Harness, Brass, Silver, and Lassand Mounting. Carried Bage Valley

and see for themselves.

Collars can be furnished to Sadlers or others at

Collars can be wholesale prices.

Wholesale prices.

JOHN BROOK.

John 99, 1847.

[Free Press Copy 3t.

Wheat and Corn Wanted. THE subscribers are anxious to purchase any number of Bushels of Wheat and Corn, for which they will pay the highest Cash price on delivery; or, if the farmers prefer it, they will haul it from their Barns, as they keep teams for

that purpose. Farmers, look to your interest, and give us a call before you dispose of your produce.

M. H. & V. W. MOORE. Br Plaster, Salt, Fish, Tar, &c. always onh and o exchange with the farmers for their produce.
Old Furnace, Febuary 26, 1847.

Old Furnace, Febuary 26, 1847.

Music, Music.

CUPERIOR and common Violins, one, four, and six Keyed Flutes, single and double Accordeons, Flagolets, Octavo Flutes, Files, Jewsharps, &c.—Also, Extra Violin Bows, Bridges, Screws, Apron's French Rosin, Genuine Italian Gultar and Violin Strings, Clarionet Reeds, &c. Also Music Books, viz: "Howe's School for the Flute, Violin, Guitar and Piano," "The Violin without a master," "Accordeon without a master and "Flute melodies" arranged for one, two or three Flutes or Violins, Music Ipaper, &c., just received and for sale very chesp by May 21, 1847.

THOS. RAWLINS.

of, to be found at THOS. RAWLINS. BLANKS, OF ALL KINDS, FOR SALE

Spring and Summer Medicine

DR. TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA,— THE MOST EXTRAORDINARY ME-DICINE IN THE WORLD.

This extract is put up in quart bottles; it is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures diseases without vomiting, purging, sickening, or debilitating the patient.

The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, while it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body.

IT HAS PERFORMED

MORE THAN 15.000 CHEST THIS YEAR.

MORE THAN 15,000 CURES THIS YEAR,
1,000 Cures of Rheumatism,
1,000 Cures of Dyspepsia,
2,500 Cures of General Debility, and want of

2,500 Cures of General Debility, and want of Nervous Energy.
3,000 Female Complaints, and over 7,000 Cures of diseases
Of the Blood, viz:—Ulcers, Scrofula, Piles, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Pimples on the face, &c., together with numerous cases of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Spinal Affections, &c. This we are aware, must appear incredible, but we have letters from physicians and our Agenta from all parts of the United States, informing us of extraordinary cures. R. Van Buskirk, Esq. one of the most respectable druggists in Newark, New Jersey, informs us that he can refer to more than one hundred and fifty cases in that place alone.—There are thousands of cases in the city of New York, which we will refer to with pleasure, and to men of character well known.

to men of character well known. UNITED STATES OFFICER.

Captain G. W. McLean, member of the New Jersey Legislature, late of the United States Navy has kindly sent us the following certificate. It tells its own story: Rahvay, Jan. 25, 1847.

A year since I was taken with the influenza and my whole system left in a debilitated state. I was induced to try Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, and after taking two or three bottles, I was very much relieved, and attributed it entirely to the said Sarsaparilla. I have continued taking it, and find that I improve every day. I believe it saved my life, and would not be without it under any consideration.

G. W. McLean.

THE EDITOR .- John Jackson, Esq. Editor of

the Rahway Republican, published the above cer-tificate, and remarks in an editorial as follows:

The success of Dr. Townsend's preparation of Sarsaparilla appears to be of the most extraordinary character. We publish to day two certifi-cates in its behalf one from Capt. McLean, of this town, and one from Rev. Mr. White, of Staten Island, a gentleman well known in Rahway.— Capt. McLean believes the medicine to have saved his life, and Mr. White seems to entertain an equally strong confidence in its efficacy. Intelli-gent men like these would not praise so strongly

what they did not fully believe to deserve it. SCROFULA CURED .- This certificate was handed into Dr. Townsend's office this week, and con-clusively proves that his Sarsaparilla has perfect control over the most obstinate diseases of the blood. Three persons cured in one house is

unprecedented.
THREE CHILDREN.—Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir I have the pleasure to inform you that three of my children have been cured of the Scrofula by the use of your excellent medicine. They were afflicted very severely with bad sores; have taken only four bottles; it took them away, for which I

feel myself under deep obligation. Yours respectfully, ISAAC W. CRAIN, 106 Wooster st. New York, March 1, 1847.

RHEUMATISM AND THE PILES .- Dr. Townsend —Dear Sir: My wife has been for several years afflicted with rheumatism. She has tried many different remedies to obtain some relief, but all to no purpose. She was finally induced, by seeing your advertisement, to give your Sarsaparilla a trial. We procured some of it from your agent, (Mr. Van Buskirk) and it gives me pleasure to state that after using it she experienced great relief, and was in a very short time perfectly cured, I was also (together with another man in my em-ploy) badly troubled with piles, and by using a small quantity of your Sarsaparilla, our complaint was completely cured. I consider it one of the best of medicines, and would advise all who are afflicted to give it a trial.

GARRIT GARRABRANT.

123 Market street, Newark. GREAT FEMALE MEDICINE .- Dr. Townsend's cipient consumption, borrenness, whites, obstructed or difficult menstruction, incon-tinence of urine or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system-

no matter whether the result of inherent causes, or produced by irregularity, illness or accident. Nothing can be more surprising than its invigo-rating effects upon the human frame. Persons all weakness and lassitude before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause

of barrenness. It will not be expected of us in cases of so delicate a nature, to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Several cases, where families have been without children, after using a few bottles of this invaluable medicine, have been blessed with healthy offspring. Dr. Townsend—My wife being greatly distressed by weakness and general debility, and suffering continually by pain and a sensation of bearing down, falling of the womb, and with other difficulties, and having known cases where your medicine has effected great cures, and also hearing it

recommended for such cases as I have described, I obtained a bottle of Extract of Sarsaparilla, and followed the directions you gave me. In a short, time it removed her complaints and restored her to health. Being grateful for the benefits she received, I take pleasure in thus acknowledging it, and recommending it to the public.

M. D. Moore.

corner of Grand and Lydius sts. Albany, August 17, 1844. NERVOUS DEBILITY .- Dr. Townsend's Sarsa-

parilla is performing thousands of cures in Nervous Diseases, especially in nervous prostration and general debility of the system. It effects the most astonishing results. The patient frequently feels relieved in ten minutes. The following proof from a highly respectable gentleman is in point: New York, Dec. 28, 1846. Dr. Townsend-Dear Sir : I have been severe-

Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir: I have been severely afflicted for a length of time with great physical debility and prostration of the whole nervous system. At times I have fallen in the streets by attacks of dizziness in the head, accompanied with singing in the ears. I also suffered with the dyspensia, sickness at the stomach, and sensation of faintness. I read that your Sarsaparilla was used for such complaints, and procured a bottle, and to my astonishment and surprise, before I had used the one bottle, I was like another man; indeed it cured me entirely; I have never been so surprised at any result in my life. I consider your medicine a great blessing, and will extend its use as far as possible. You are at liberty to publish this if your choose. I live and can be seen at No. 58 Prince street.

Thomas LLOYD, Jr.

For sale by SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore

street. THOMAS LLOYD, Jr.

For sale by SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore street., and corner of Charles and Pratt atrests.

N. B. Persons in the Country enclosing any amount of money post paid to SETH S. HANCE. Baltimore, will receive the medicine by the earliest conveyance. Please write your name and address as plainly as possible; no attention given to unpaid letters.

May 7. 1847

May 7, 1847—eow 1y.

"A Nibble as Good as a Bite."

PATENT SOCDOLAGER FISH HOOKS,
also the Germine, Linerick and Virginis Fish
Hooks, Fishing Lines, &c., just received by
May 21 1847. THOS. RAWLINS.